VOL. 24.

put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Tourgee opposed the motion.

CALENDAR.

Mr. Watts said this subject did not enter

except for the purchase or hire of slaves.

Mr. Candler offered an amendment

purchase or hire of slaves, prior to January,

perty of this kind, but can see no reason

why these debts should be placed on differ-

the United States, and the return of fugi-

tives is provided for in the Constitution .-

Such being the case how did the proclama-

tion? I consider that it was merely an act

ters hold that a blockade amounts to noth-

cannot vote for this resolution. I there-

Mr. Graham's motion to table was put to

The President announced as Commit-

tution: Messrs. Heaton, Nicholson and

Mr. Rodman said that he had intro-

duced a resolution in relation to divorce,

this morning, which he desired to see

matter of divorce referred to a Committee

the rules and take up the resolution was

The resolution read as follows:

Mr. Welker was also opposed.

Mr. Forkner moved to adjourn.

From the Raleigh North Carolinian.

(BY OUR SPECIAL REPORTER UNDER THE

The reader is particularly requested to

paper is allowed on the floor, in the halls or

in the galleries of the Convention, and

consequently our reports are made from

under the table, behind the scenes, or as

may be otherwise ordered and convenient.]

FORTY-SECOND DAY.

Mr. Rich moved that the roll be called.

when it appeared that 49 members only

The Tourgee moved that the Sergeant-

Father Cowles attempted to explain the

but was interrupted by Mr. Rodmar, who

issue a warrant for the arrest of the absen-

denied his right to do anything else than

Mr. Hodnett moved to stay further pro-

Mr. Rodman raised the point of order

that this could not be done unless the Con-

vention reconsidered the vote just taken.

Mr. Durham offered the following pro-

The amendment was rejected [of course

Sections second, third and fourth were

The Tourgee | Nondescript animal, some

thing between an ass and a lion judging

shall be established and all corporate com-

at-Arms be sent after the absentees. Car-

answered to their names.

to adjourn. Lost.

er than municipal.

After some debate the motion to suspend

Mr. Candler moved to lay the resolution

Resolved, That the Committee on Divorce of 3

his Convention will in each case adopt and con-

fore move that it lie on the table.

vote and prevailed.

put and carried.

o important a matter.

ourn sine die. Lost.

til this evening.

63, shall be collected."

the Company Shops, was taken up.

quest of the Railroad Company.

the table.

From the Raleigh Sentinel. The "Constitutional Convention." (So-Called.)

MORNING SESSION.

Monday, March 2, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10

A communication from Gen. Canby, in tracted to sustain the rebellion coming up, regard to the contested election cases, was announced, and referred without reading into repudiation, except so far as necessary. to the committee on Privileges and Elec- He was not willing to repudiate any debt

Prayer by the Rev. H. T. Hudson, of the

Mr. Abbott moved to suspend the rules and take up the report of the committee "Provided, that debts contracted for the

The Chair decided the motion to be at this time out of order.

Mr. Abbott appealed from the decision of the Chair and the appeal was not sus- rise to discuss the morality of owning pro-

Mr. Andrews presented a petition for a divorce between certain parties. Referred. ent footing from others. The legal title to this species of property was admitted not acter. Referred

RESOLUTIONS, ORDINANCES, &C.

By Mr. Rich: A resolution raising a committee of two from each Congressional District, to suggest what bills should be acted tion of President Lincoln affect the queson by this Convention. Lies over. Mr. Heaton offered a resolution that the Convention shall adjourn on the 12th in-

Mr. H. moved to suspend the rules and adopt, but was ruled out of order by the

Harris, of Wake (negro), a resolution providing that the roll shall be called each morning; and another resolution that no member receive pay after the 15th instant. By Mr. Rodman : A resolution increas

ng the committee of three on Divorces,

By Mr. Candler : A resolution approving the impeachment of President Johnson and giving thanks to Congress for so doing.

By Mr. Jones, of Caldwell : A resolution that the Convention meet at 91 o'clock, A.

Mr. Abbott moved to make the report of ne committee on Immigration the special on the table. Lost. order to-morrow. Lost. He then moved to take it up now. Car-

Mr. Abbott proceeded at length to advocate the provisions of the report, particularly the feature of establishing an agency in New York. He argued the matter some time to show the benefits that would accome and cited the example of various States that

substitute, empowering the Legislature to create the office and authorizing the Gov-

Mr. Heaton favored the original ordi He thought the Legislature could modify or change it when proper. He had

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the ordinance was made the special order for to-morrow at 10% o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Heaton, the rule were suspended to take up his resolution. setting apart the 12th instant for adjourn-

Mr. Forkner, as chairman of the com mittee on adjournment, accepted. Mr. Rodman moved an amendment that after the 12th inst., no member shall re-

Mr. Jones, of Washington, after some remarks concerning the matter, said that

he did not think they could possibly adjourn before the 15th or 20th inst. Mr. French, of Chowan, favored Mr. Rodman's amendment. Mr. Nicholson was in favor of adjourn-

ing on the 12th inst., but hoped Mr. Rodman would withdraw his amendment, as he considered it a discourteous one. for himself, when his pay was stopped, he intended to go home.

Mr. Candler offered a resolution. it is the sense of this Convention that we adjourn on the 12th inst.; but if the work is incomplete, that this Convention have the power to rescind its action in this

SPECIAL ORDER-HOMESTEAD.

The question recurred on the 2d section Hood (negro) moved its adoption.

Mr. Rich moved to strike out in lines 1 and 2, the words "not exceeding one hnn-

mendment, to come in line 9, after debt," as follows: "but no property shall be exempt from taxes, or for payment of general laws or special act." obligations contracted for the purchase of

that no institution shall be incorporated stitute for the whole, leaving the matter for the purpose of teaching men to stand had not had a fair and impartial showing Mr. Durham said he had offered his Convention was going too far, sticking evamendment in good faith. He wished to test ery small matter in the Constitution. It would be a cumbrous affair. He did not the sense of the Convention upon this ques- lina might know just what was going on see why the Homestead should be regula- tion of social equality, believing the major-

ity favored it. Mr. Rodman [Breckinridge elector in The yeas and nays were called on Mr. 1860], declared that the "archives of gray-Graham's substitute, and had, resulting in

ity" would show that the Convention had Mr. Tourgee moved to postpone the fur-ther discussion of this matter and make it anything of the kind. [My eyes, what a the special order on Thursday night next. whopper.] Mr. Durham again urged his amendmen

Hood (negro) wished to have the report recommitted. Not agreed to. and asked the yeas and nays. Mr. Tourgee's motion then prevailed. and the section was adopted.

By consent Mr. Tourgee submitted a report from the committee on towns, cities, &c., which was ordered to be printed and adopted. made the special order for Thursday next,

On motion of Mr. Ashley, the report of from his voice offered the following as an the committee on Education was made the additional section—" that no bank of issue special order for Friday next.

panies shall be prohibited from issuing of the committee on Punishments and Pe- notes." nal Institutions the special order for to-Mr. Rodman [Breckinridge Elector],

Wilmington Iournal.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1868.

Mr. Congleton opposed the bill.

Mr. Hodnett said that this whole cry of

man, but from the rich man-the large land

holder. They were crying out for relief

from debts that they owed to poor men.-Is this justice? Is this right? In the

course of his remarks he characterized the

homestead report, recently submitted to

this Convention, and this measure of relief

and resulted, yeas 48, nays 92.

the Chicago Convention.

o'clock.

Convention.

adopted.

The resolution was adopted.

some time upon the section under debate,

he offered this substitute: "For the pre-

vention and correction of pauperism and

MORNING SESSION.

the case of the contested seat, now occu-

WHEREAS, On the 5th day of June, A. D. 1861

WHEREAS, Proof of these sayings and doings

WHEREAS, The "plot for the head" of Abraham

coln, was "followed" to the death by the means,

editor thereof; therefore,
Resolved, and it is hereby solemnly resolved, in

inquired into—and especially if the said W. W. Holden had any complicity with John Wilkes

Booth in that horror of horrors, that crime of

in stated—not more than one of the committee to be of the political party of the said W. W.

Mr. French, of Chowan, arose and said

had nothing to do with the business of the

Mr. Holt insisted that they should be

Harris, of Wake, (negro), and Mr. Ab-

Mr. Durham said that Mr. Holt had a

right to have his resolutions read, and the

refusal of the House to have them read

was in keeping with their usual conduct.

The Chair put the question to the House

whether the resolutions should be read or

The House refused to have them read,

and, on motion of Mr. French, of Chowan,

the Secretary was ordered to return them

to their introducer, and take no notice of

The question recurred upon the substi-

While the Clerk was reading them

Convention.

bott also objected.

(Radical.) is entitled to it.

was postponed.

WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1868.

move to reconsider the vote just taken.

tions other than Municipal, was taken up, Mr. Bryan renewed his motion to recon- provide a currency when the Government sider the vote by which section 4 was failed to do so. The State has nothing to do with the National currency. The main features upon which it was based would Mr. Bryan's motion to reconsider was stand for ages. It was fortunate for us that we have a National currency of this Here it was ascertained that the bill had character. A man could take this to any that this matter be fairly investigated .not been engrossed on account of the repart of the country and find it equally

Kalvin Knowles, grand Tycoon, etc., etc., tion. vacated his throne with a view to stirring Mr. Morton's ordinance, repealing the up the quadrupeds. The Sweet-scented Wilkes-Will the gentleman tell me on ordinance passed in the Convention of '65, delegate, (a rose by any other name prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors at would smell as sweet,) assumed the vacant chair and vacant air of his empty-headed

good, and himself free from money specu-

Mr. Welker opposed the passage of the predecessor. Kalvin said he were opposed to the secordinance. The act prohibiting the sale of liquors there was passed at the special retion, but favored the amendment. It were unwarrantable to tie the hands of the Legislatur in regards to giving a currency to the Mr. Graham, of Orange, concurred with people. The existing National Banks is On motion, the ordinance was laid on

mere shaving shops. [Kalvin has no use for a shaving shop. Mr. Watts' ordinance, prohibiting the He's his own barber-he is! Galloway's collection of all debts based upon the purchase or hire of slaves, and all debts condispense with the tonsorial services of Prowas summarily voted down.

fessor Boots. 1 They afforded no accommodation to the people. "This section, if you notice it, gentlemen, is very sucking indeed.

At the word sucking, the Bunkum Baby began to whimper and whine like an unweaned kitten. The reporter thought the baby's feelings was hurt-and they wasthey allers is when milk is alluded to and

Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to lay not come-atible!]
ne ordinance on the table. saving I do not He [Kalvin] didn't think the members the ordinance on the table, saying I do not would tie their hands agin legislatin sich banks as they once had. He appeared you'd scarce expect one of his age to warn the Convention agin what he considered a insidious foe. After lumbering and stuttering away about the old banks for a while, only by our own Courts, but by those of Kalvin said if gentlemen wished to tie their hands in preventing a free banking system, they might do so, but he had no idee they

would do anything of the sort. The proposed additional section was then of war and not binding upon this State un- put and rejected under a call of the pretil carried out by force of arms. All wri- vious question. Mr. Jones, (of La Mancha?) moved the ing until rendered effectual-that a paper

adoption of the report as amended. This blockade is no blockade at all. As I am motion prevailed—yeas 70, nays 13. unwilling to repudiate any honest debt, I Mr. Jones, of Washington, (he of the Sorrowful Figure,) moved a reference of all matters relative to divorce to the Committee on Divorce, and that said committee report what was best to be done. He thought some petitions had been referred to one tee on the final arrangement of the Constiunderstood remained on the calendar .-Time should be economised, and that this might be done, all should be referred to

should be composed of persons who were adopted. He wished to see the whole discreet and prudent. He renewed the motion to refer. Kalvin ruled this motion out of order, and Jones made no bones of appealing

the same committee, and the committee

The Convention sustained the Chair, or Kalvin, or both, and the Knight of the Sorrowful Figger subsided into a sombre, dignified and disgusted silence.

Hobbs, from Davie, Junknown scallawag heretofore] said he wished to speak in rebe increased to 5, and that all applications for divorce be referred to that Committee, and that gard to absentees. The chur, he said, had no right to send for members when there irm the report of said Committee without further was no Constitution making. He wanted members to stand by him. Here we have Mr. Hodnett was not willing to commit been, he couldn't tell how long, hammerimself to the legislation of a committee in ing on things that had nothing to do with the Constitution. [Truth, for once,

After some further debate the matter When there was Constitution making was indefinitely postponed, on motion of going on, the cheer had the right to send for absentees, but he had no right to do so when things not relating to the Constitu-Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to adtion are under discussion.

Just here the performance ceased, the After some little debate upon unimporanimiles were caged, and the gas extintant matters the Convention adjourned unguished, due notice having been given that the Monkey Show would be reopened at 10

o'clock A. M., to-morrow. TUESDAY, March 3. remember the fact that no Reporter for this finally unanimously endorsed as a first-class

The North Carolinian of the previous day was read, variously criticized, and Democratic, White Man's Newspaper. Dickey presented a petition from the

citizens of Cherokee, asking a division of the county. Referred. Abbott, Quaker, a petition for divorce Referred.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Forkner, a petition from Committee on Privileges and Elections, in regard to con- punishment." He made the motion betested seats, and reporting in favor of Jno. M. Marshall, for the seat nowably filled by John G. Marler. The report was accepted. Capt. Plato Durham, a motion that the Mr. Rodman said that if that was the in regard to the case, be printed. His temper of the Convention he would move motion, we need hardly say, was lost.

Heaton, of Ohio, of the committee of 16 to whom was referred a petition from cerwayward conduct of his hybrid offspring, tain citizens of Jones county, reported ad versely. Report received and adopted. The report of the committee on Mr.

Marler's case then came up. Candler, the inevitable, irrepressible Bunco.nbe booby, moved that the report be adopted.

Mr. Durham thought it a very remarkable proceeding. He read numerous documents in regard to the election in Mr. Mar-After further discussion of a desultory ler's county, all of which proved the election of Mr. Marler beyond doubt. He said ried. character, the matter was dropped and the Convention proceeded to consider the rethe votes of the different precincts had port of the committee on corporations othbeen counted, as also those of the county, and from them it was patent to every fairminded man that Mr. M. was duly elected. viso as an amendment to the section: "Pro-These special matters had been sprung for vided that institutions of learning in which the sole, special and particular purpose of black and white pupils are educated proousting Conservatives from their seats .miscuously, shall not be incorporated under This surely was a passing strange proceeding. Had the seat of a Radical been con-Hood [nigger], moved to amend by intested, the committee would not have dared serting as follows: "Provided, further, to report against him without giving him an opportunity to defend himself. Mr. M. before the committee. Justice demanded that the whole matter should be printed, in order that the people of North Caro-

Abbott, New Hampshire shaker, said the gentleman had been before the com-

Mr. Durham-Would you oust a Republican from his seat without giving him a fair showing. If Mr. M. was not entitled to his seat he didn't want it; justice was all he desired, only that and nothing more .-In conclusion, Mr. Durham moved that the matter be reported back to the committee so that Mr. Marler might send for persons and papers.

Abbott said that from the election returns of the different counties, it all seemed to be a mixed up affair. Mr. Marler asserted that he had received

more votes than the report represented. The Tourgee said the matter stood thus:

Mr. Rodman moved that his ordinance for Relief be made the special order for tomorrow evening. No objection.

The report of the committee on Corpora
Mr. Rodman moved that his ordinance from letters from letters amendment providing for the prohibition until the United States governged upon Mr. Tour
repudiation. He read extracts from letters from gentlemen thoroughly identified with the returns were correct. There was an amendment providing for the gee's section, to come in between sections and that it contained no taint of prohibition until the United States governged upon Mr. Tour
repudiation. He read extracts from letters from gentlemen thoroughly identified with the returns were correct. There was an amendment on the back of Gen. Canby's the Republican party, telling him that if the Republican party, telling him that if the Convention did not pass some such the contained no taint of the question recurred upon Mr. Tour
repudiation. He read extracts from letters from gentlemen thoroughly identified with the returns were correct. While Mr. Hobbs was speaking the Convention did not pass some such the contained no taint of the convention of the convention did not think the Convention did not the convention of the convention did not pass some such the convention moved an amendment providing for the give him the seat.

Mr. Durham arose, but was confronted by the previous question. Mr. Durham: No doubt, gentlemen, you ardently wish the previous question, but I am bound to say something before you get it. Mr. Marler demands, and I demand for him, The original returns can be obtained within three days, and the county returns will show the election of Mr. M. beyond ques-

Bryan, red-headed "diligit," from which side the illegal votes were cast?

Mr. Durham—Mr. Marler has now in his and earnestly against the measure. pocket a letter informing him that certain votes cast for him [Marler] had been thrown

Harris (negro), of Wake, did'nt want "persons and papers." He wanted the matter disposed of at once. Forkner called for the previous question

and the House sustained him. Mr. Durham's motion to recommit, with instruction to telegraph Gen. Canby re-The ayes and noes were called on the pas-

sage of the report, and resulted as follows AYES-66. AYES-66. Noes-Messrs. Baker, Dowd, Durham, Ellis, Graham, of Orange, Hare, Hay, Hodnett, Holt, Legg, Lennon, McCubbins, Merritt, Moore, San-derlin, Stilly, Williams, of Sampson-18.

Mr. Durham submitted the following protest: This is a gross outrage perpetrated upon Mr. Marler, giving him no chance to defend himself, and all done solely for party purposes. We, therefore, solemnly protest against its passage. Signed—Plato Durham, E. M. Holt, J. B. Ellis, J. B. Hare, John W. Graham, Alexander Wil
Mr. Ashley took the floor, the question liams, Wm. Merritt, Thomas Sanderlin, P. Hodnett.

The Tourgee objected to the protest, as indecorous in language and false in fact, and moved that it should not be enter-Mr. Durham-I regard the thing Tour- doing, such institutions for correction and

gee, from Guilford, unworthy my notice. reformation as may be deemed necessary Of course I do not expect delegates voting and practicable.' in favor of this outrage upon Mr. Marler to admit that it is an outrage. The Chair said that it could be entered House, on motion, adjourned.

in the journals. The Tourgee-the Chair has no right to decide the matter.

Jones, the Washington limber-jack, arising to a back-stitch perpendicular and looking as sage as a "biled" owl, moved that inasmuch as the house had decided in favor of Marshall, that the lucky "animile" come forward in the ring and be sworn.-And he came forward and swore.

Bradley moved that Mr. Marler be graciously permitted to draw his per diem and mileage up to the time of his ex-communi-Manager Kowles again insists that it was

his royal prerogative to decide concerning Mr. Durham's protest. The Tourgee affirmed that the right of decision was vested in the hour exclusively.

an exclamation point, asking for information, but not obtaining the commodity sought, he gracefully subsided to his all-The chairman still pertinaciously persislutions: ted that he had a divine right to decide the matter. He had never in all his born days Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United

Harris, nigger, of Wake, stood up like

declined to entertain a protest from any one. Then calmly and deliberately drawing himself to his highest perpendicular, he slowly ejaculated these energetic words, fiat justitia ruat cœlum !" French, the big-footed "diligit" from French, the big-footed "diligit" from in a newspaper, called the North Carolina Stand-Bladen, in no wise dismayed by the pona ard, that a certain "Mr. S—desired to get just

derous Latin of the chair moved that the whole matter be tabled. The previous question was clamorously demanded. The chair expressed a hope that the house

would allow him to defer a decision until the evening session. Diabolical yells for the previous ques-

tion, which recurred upon the Tourgee's motion not to entertain the protest. Car-

SPECIAL OF DER.

The report of the committee on penal institutions and public charities was taken up and read. Aminidab Sleek Welker moved that the 1st section be adopted. Carried.

on the part of the said W. W. Holden, are said to be in the State Library, and a citizen of Raleigh, being in search of the same, was expelled from the said Library, and forbade to enter the same by the said W. W. Holden, then acting Provisional The 2d section was then read. Rodman moved to strike out "it shall not be allowed to inflict cruel or unusual Governor; and Lincoln was formed, as the said W. W. Holden had asked, and the said President, Abraham Lin-

cause it was in the Bill of rights. Adop-Mr. Rodman moved to amend by insert ing after word "crime" in 3d line to the communication from Gen. Canby, all facts word "white" in 5th line and insert as follows:—"Murder and also arson, burglary and rape, if the General Assembly shall so enact, shall be punished with death." The vote was put and the proposition lost.

> taken on the amendments to the section was reconsidered. Mr. Rodman then moved to strike out frauding, cropping, whipping and the pillory shall never be allowed."

On motion of Hood, Egyptian, the vote

The section as amended was adopted. On motion of Mr. Rodman, the vote on the 1st section was reconsidered and Mr. Rodman moved to insert the word "only after "punishments" in 1st line. Car-

Rodman then moved to insert after "imprisonment" in the 2d line, "with or without hard labor." Carried.

The section as amended was then adop-Rodman then moved to strike out "at its first meeting" in first and second lines, section 3, and insert "as soon as practica-

Amendment lost and section adopted. The 4th section was then read and adopted after striking out "shall" in the first line, and inserting "may."

Section 5 was then read, and Harris, nigger, of Wake, moved a reconsideration of the vote by which "may" was substituted for "shall" in the 1st line of the 4th section.

Hobbs moved to strike out the entire sec-Harris, negro, of Wake-and insert

special order.

tute of Mr. Candler. Hobbs-Nothing. The whole Mr. Rich said the substitute was to crething aint worth a d-og gone. ate an entirely new office, and so much After much gabbering, snorting, cavorthoped the substitute would be rejected. ing and kicking up Jack generally, the animals retired to their dens without a Mr. Candler thought the House did not

wish to take any action in the matter what Sic gloria transit Mundungi! Mr. Abbott said that it was useless to NIGHT SESSION. pass the substitute, as it was already in the TUESDAY, March 3, 1868.

Mr. Hobbs said he had heard enough The ordinance of relief, introduced by foolery about New York and other States .-Mr. Rodman, some weeks ago, was the They had been here for seven weeks and Mr. Rodman took the floor and pro- had done and talked about everything but als ten years to pay and the State twelve to ceeded to explain the ordinance, section by the business that brought them here, i. e., get ready to pay, &c. If the votes were illegal and in favor of Mr. section. He claimed that it was intended making a Constitution. He thought that Marshall, it was due to that Republican to not only to relieve the debtor, but also the if New York, New Jersey, Ohio, and other and lost. creditor, and that it contained no taint of Northern States had representatives on The question recurred upon Mr. Tour-

NO. 5.

The report was read.

Mr. Tourgee said he saw no provision made for paying the old debt of the State. relief came not from the poor working He offered as section 4, a provision to the effect that the Legislature, after 1880, shall tax real and personal estate, and the sum realized shall be set apart as a Sinking Fund for the payment of the public debt. Mr. Abbott offered a substitute for sec-

tion 4. as follows: "Until the bonds of

the State shall be at par, the General Asand others like it, to be nothing more nor sembly shall have no power to contract any less than repudiation. He would protest new debt or pecuniary obligation in behalf of the State, except to supply a casual de-Mr. Jones, of Washington, spoke long ficit, or for oppressing invasion or insur-rection, unless it shall, in the same bill, Mr. Rodman moved the previous ques levy a special tax to pay the interest annually; and the General Assembly shall have Mr. King, of Lenoir, wished to speak no power to give or lend the credit of the upon this subject, but was not allowed State in aid of any person, association, or to do so by loud cries of "question, quescorporation, except to such railroads and other works of Internal Improvements, as The call for the previous question was are finished, and in which the State has a sustained, and the yeas and nays were direct pecuniary interest, unless the subject called upon the passage of this ordinance. be submitted to a direct vote of the people of the State, and be approved by a majority Mr. Tourgee gave notice that he would

of those who shall vote thereon.' Mr. Abbott addressed the Convention Mr. Rich moved to take up his resoluupon the various features of the report in tion, raising a committee of two from each a speech of some length. Congressional District to examine and In the 1st section Mr. King, of Lenoir,

recommend what ordinances, bills, &c., moved that a capitation tax shall be laid should be acted upon by this Convention, between the ages of 21 and 41, instead of in order that this Convention should adjourn as soon as possible, submit the Con-The amendment was rejected.

stitution and get the State represented in Mr. Tourgee objected to the 1st section of the majority report as cumbrous.

He moved to substitute the 1st section of The report of the Committee on Punish-

the minority report. Mr. King, of Lenoir, desired to know how the poor of a county was to be supported, how bridges erected, &c., and other county being on the 5th section. After speaking expenses defrayed, when the poll tax is well, perhaps, to limit poll taxes, &c. Now, to act as Secretary. the Convention takes away the power to crime, the General Assembly is authorized collect private debts, and imposes heavy to establish and maintain, or aid in so taxes. He believed the proposed arrange-

Mr. Colgrove said that the people would Pending further debate, it was suggested for educational purposes. In his county that no quorum was present, and the excessive poll taxes had been levied.

ment impracticable.

Mr. Rodman opposed Mr. Tourgee's amendment, and in his remarks said that lieved that property should bear its just proportion of the tax, but this spirit of The Convention was called to order at 10 agrarianism, which such legislation would cause to spread over the State, would result in nothing more nor less than an unjust of this meeting, infectious, the Chairman of this meeting, the Chairman of the Chairman of this meeting, the Chairman of this meeting, th Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Logan, of the Mr. King, of Lenoir, presented a report just crusade against property,-laying enorfrom the Committee on Contingent Exwithout keeping within a fair and equitable penses, allowing an account of W. W.

Holden & Son for \$934 26. The report was proportion. Various gentlemen, taking different sides of the question, next occupied the floor. of the question, next occupied the floor.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, desired to know where one million and a half of dollars was where one million and a half of dollars was adverged of the principles combedied in the number of the principles. Mr. Fullings presented the report from the Committee on Privileges and Elections Mr. Graham, of Orange, desired to know pied by Mr. Williams, of Sampson, Con- to be raised annually. Where is it to come from? Say that the poll-tax will bring in

servative, declaring that Lorenzo Hall, two hundred thousand dollars. Now, can that be thrown away? You say tax prop-A motion was made to suspend the rules and adopt the report, but, after various erty; well, that will drive men from the State. Let us keep the first article as it is. objections and points of order, the subject Mr. Holt offered the following resolurace applied to their education, but, anyways, we will have to face a million and a half every year. Where is it to come from,

States, and W. W. Holden has been charged with if two hundred thousand is to be taken using language calculated to incite said Booth to from the poll? from the poll? the commission of the foul crime, by calling the said President "tyrant," "fool," "despot" and The question recurring upon Mr. Tourgee's amendment, the yeas and nays were WHEREAS. The said W. W. Holden did publish called for, and the call being sustained, one good shot at old Abe," meaning the said President, Abraham Lincoln; and
WHEREAS, The said W. W. Holden did, on the

the roll was called and stood, yeas 27, nays 80. Mr. Candler moved to strike out \$2 10th line, and insert \$1 50.

11th day of May, A. D. 1861, publish in said paper, called the North Carolina Standard, that a certain man, whom he now calls traitor, did know where to find "Abe Lincoln," meaning the said The yeas and nays were called, resulting in yeas 32, nays 73. The section was then adopted. President of the United States, and his (the traitor's) men would follow "Old Abe" to the death; In section 2, Mr. French, of Chowan, moved to add the following words: "But in no one year shall more than 25 per cent. thereof be applied to the latter purpose.' the said W. W. Holden, in the said paper, called the North Carolina Standard, breathing hostility

The Chairman of the Committee acceptand hatred to the Union, malice and assassina-tion of the President, did ask of two hundred thou-Mr. Tourgee moved to strike out all sand rebeis, then in arms, "who would plot for the head of Abe Lincoln?" meaning the Presiter the word "education," including Mr.

French's amendment. Hood, (negro) hoped the amendment ofered by Mr. Tourgee would be rejected.— He thought it was just as necessary to make some provision for the poor man as for educational purposes. Besides, it would be urged by a certain class that property was being taxed to support colored people, they being the poorest class.

The amendment was put to a vote and The section was then adopted.

and in the manner, indicated in the said newspa-per, called the North Carolina Standard, and by the said W. W. Holden, the owner, publisher and Section 3 was read, when Mr. Rodman offered an amendment so that the General the name of all the sovereign loyal people of North Carolina (without regard to color), in Convention assembled, That these charges and allegations be Assembly could tax trades, franchises, professions and incomes. He said that the obect was this : as the section stood, neither bar-keepers, inn-keepers, or shows of any crimes, the assassination of Abraham Lincoln.

Resolved further, That the Chair appoint a committee, who shall be empowered to send for persons and papers, and report upon the facts heredescription whatever, could be taxed, or lawyers, or other professions. The Legislature ought to be allowed, at all events to tax shows, bar-keepers, hotels and saloons. They are able to pay.

Mr. Heaton endorsed the section as it ment was entirely unnecessary. Mr. Rodman added the following pro-

that the subject matter of the resolutions vision to his amendment: Provided, that no income shall be taxed when the property itself, from which the income is derived, never will be, a son of hers so lost to every s taxed.

The amendment was adopted. The section, as amended, was adopted.

Section 4 was read. The question recurred upon Mr. Tourgee's substitute. Mr. Holt moved to strike out "shall" and

insert "may." Mr. Abbott and Mr. Heaton opposed it. Mr. Tourgee said by the insertion of the Cod Yankee Sutler's tent, is the delegate word "may" the Legislature is allowed to and representative of his class from the go on from year to year without paying .-That was squinting at repudiation. He was called a repudiator, but he wished all who had said so to come up and stand up to the rack and not sneak out at a side door into SPECIAL ORDER-REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE a back alley. He had fought the 6th article of the Bill of Rights, assuming the old

tempt at repudiation. Mr. King, of Lenoir, replied that a change had come over the "spirit of his had been said in regard to expense he dreams," and went on to urge Mr. Hobbs' amendment.

and I am now amazed at this barefaced at-

Mr. Rodman spoke for some time in opposition to it, saying that Mr. King appeared in a new character-that of a repudiator. (Mr. King denied the charge) .-Mr. R. continued: Now, in less than twelve vears North Carolina would be able to pay the interest on her debts, &c.

Mr. King: How about private debts? Mr. Hobbs' amendment was put to a vote

3 and 4, as section 4, which was adopted.

The substitute of Mr. Abbott for section 4 next came up. Mr. A. said that its product was \$15,000.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

1 square, of 10 lines or less, for each and every

Special Notices will be charged \$200 per square for each and every insertion.

All Obituaries and private publications of every character, are charged as advertisements.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be

is Piano stealing?] favored this amend- elected. Mr. M. certainly ought to have measure before they adjourned, that the ment. He held that the Legislature might time to defend himself.

wisions were so plain that he did not think to defend himself.

constitution would be overwhelmingly de-Mr. Heaton desired further consideration of this amendment. He was not ready to commit himself.

Mr. Abbott said that the amendment

could be passed over without his objec-

It was accordingly passed over.

Section 4 was then adopted. Sections 5, 6 and 7 were adopted.

The question recurred on the report, as a whole, as amended. The yeas and nays were called, and the

vote taken last night upon Mr. Rodman's Mr. Watts moved to lay that motion on

Mr Tourgee, who had the floor, gave way for Mr. Rich, who introduced an ordinance to amend the charter of the Chatham Rail-

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 7½ o'clock this evening. Note .- Mr. Durham said the reason he voted

Dr. W. G. Curtis was appointed Chairleived for special purpose? It would be man, and Rev. W. M. D. Moore requested

explained by the Chairman, a committee was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen, viz : Dr. S. D. Thruston, John be much better pleased if the poll tax went D. Taylor and David S. Cowan, who, after retiring a short time, returned and re-

> will devote our best energies to their maintain ance. Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting,

ions of the late Convention. Resolved, That a County Executive Committee of six persons, be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting, whose duty it shall be to suggest a time for holding a County Convention, for the nomination of candidates for the Legislature, if it

ceas of the cause. The above resolutions were unanimously adopted. Upon their adoption the meeting was very agreeably entertained by several able addresses by D. J. Devane, Swift Galloway, J. W. Ellis, D. C. Allen, and others, who explained the purposes of the Conservative party, and pressed upon the attention of all present the great necessity of being warm and diligent in the Conservative cause. Judging from the en-

say that much will be done for the good ause before the day of voting. A County Executive Committee was appointed by the Chair, consisting of David Cowan, J. L. Wescott, J. D. Taylor, G. W. Swain, Peter Rourk and J. H. Brooks.

to which committee, on motion, the Chairman was added. A committee was also appointed for each precinct in the county, viz:

M. Williams, John N. Bennett. Smithville-J. W. Galloway, G. W. Swain, G. W. Pugh.

Shallotte-D. K. Bennett, S. B. Stanaland, Sam'l Bell. Waccamaw-John B. Gause, G. K. Andrews, J. H. Hughes. On motion, it was voted that the pro-

W. G. CURTIS, Chairman.

For the Journal.

day, to see the Raleigh Standard of the stood, and thought Mr. Rodman's amend- 26th ultimo, in which is reported a most villainous speech of Mr. French of Bladen! There is not, never has been, and, I trust, for the character of that good old county, sentiment of manly virtue and decency, as to spew out of his mouth such unchristian and altogether abominable words as those contained in that speech (!) Bladen has no such man to represent her. One of that name, a negro-loving, Jack-Ketch, recently enfranchised from the folds of ta Cape county of Bladen to the Constitutional Convention, so-called, but only of his class. Of that class he is a very fit representative -fit for that and nothing more. How much in him, the courageous Sutler, (as was) are we reminded of the fable of the ass in the lion's skin. Not having the pluck to face the fiery front of our boys in gray in the days when to do so was dangerous, this jack-ass now puts on a lion's

> CANVASSERS.—Col. D. C. Clark has been added to the list of Canvassers for Halifax, and Messrs. Jno. A. McDowell and B. F.

THE Conservatives of Washington, Beau-Mr. Rodman: We give private individu- fort county, propose to hold a grand mass meeting on Wednesday, March 18th, to consider the great issue of the day and to nominate white candidates for the Legisla-

The last county treasury robbed was that

to take charge of all matters of registration and mous and extravagant taxes upon property, local organization.

Resolved, That this committee be requested, earnestly and promptly to proceed with the en-rolment of all registered voters who are willing to vote and act with our organization, and that the

North West-Joseph Green, Samuel R. Chinnes, Henry J. Byrd. Town Creek-Dr. F. W. Potter, Thomas

Tolson, Wallace Styron.

W. M. D. MOORE, Secretary.

State debts, like a man. It is now settled robe and would frighten us by his roaring. Let him bray; but take care Mr. Sutler, that your own neck does not come to the halter sooner than is good for thee, thou

Rinaldi to those of Bladen.

tive and County offices.

vote stood, yeas 83, nays 15. Mr. Tourgee moved to reconsider the

the table.

road Company.

cause the people would have an opportunity to vote upon it separately from the Constitution, though he believed the whole matter to be uncon-

Mr. Graham, of Orange, said that had not the previous question been called, he would have offered the same substitute that he did on a pre-

Conservative Meeting in the County of

Brunswick. At a meeting of the Conservatives of Brunswick county, at the Court House in Smithville, March 2d, 1868, the following proceedings were had :

The object of the meeting having been

ported as follows : Resolved, That we hereby heartily approve of this was the "signal gun" of the war be- and endorse the declaration of principles set forth tween "numbers and property." He be- by the late Conservative Convention, and that we

shall be deemed advisable and expedient so to A moderate poll-tax will be necessary. He would like to see the taxes raised from one would like to see the taxes raised from one

> thusiasm manifested in the countenances of persons present, we think we may safely

Lockwood's Folly-A. Brown, Dr. A. T.

ceedings of the meeting be sent to the Wilmington Journal, Raleigh Sentinel, and the Carolinian, with a request for publi-

Messrs. Editors :- I chanced on yester-

GRAND CONSERVATIVE RALLY!

LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING OF THE CITIZENS!

THE INTELLIGENCE AND WEALTH OF NEW HANOVER REPRESENTED.

WILMINGTON'S MATRONS AND FAIR DAUGHTERS HONOR THE SCENE BY THEIR PRESENCE.

ton's fairest daughters graced the occasion | "trooly loil." with their presence. The parquette and dress circle were crowded, and so great was sages. The colored population were also represented, the galleries being filled with is certainly "too muchly loil." many of this class, drawn probably by mo. tives of curiosity.

man, and Dr. W. W. Lane and Capts. S. A. Ashe and H. C. Brock, Secretaries.

On taking his seat, the Chairman stated that he appeared at the request of the Executive Committee. An old soldier in the country and posterity on such an occasion, deserves to be ranked with the beasts. The danger is hovering in the air, but the speaker thanked God that he could see a silver lining. Though the storm is threatening, yet the radiant faces which now surround us, give promise that all is well, and surely we have no cause for despair while their approving smiles urge their fathers. sons and brothers on in the good work The issue which is now presented to the people of our State is exposed in all its nakedness, and is simply this: shall the white or black race predominate. The speaker thought it useless to demonstrate to be cursed for some good reason, and he alone can bring good out of evil. We should submit to his will like dutiful children. The Northern States have rejected the equality of the negro race and have determined it shall not be forced upon them. He believed the present position of the negroes forced upon them, and not their choice. The condition of servitude was one natural to the African race. At the present time in his native country he occupies this position, as he did six thousand years ago .-God and Nature's voice cannot be overcome such a moral degradation. by the Republican party. The contest which is now approaching will only be temporary, if we do our duty. The white race must predominate. After urging upon each voter present to do his duty, and offering an excuse for want of preparation, the

On motion of Maj. J. A. Engelhard, a committee of five (5) gentlemen were appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of this meeting.

The Chair appointed as this Committee. Maj. J. A. Engelhard, Dr. J. B. Seavy, Col. Jas. G. Burr, Maj. Jas. S. Hines and D. McRae, Esq.:

After retiring for a few moments, the Committee returned, and through their Chairman, Maj. J. A. Engelhard, reported unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Conservativos of NewlHanover County, in Convention assembled, do most heartily endorse the resolutions adopted by the re-cent State Convention of that party; and that they will give to the nominations made by the Ex-ecutive Committee their undivided support, earnestly uniting for the common good of our afflicted

Resolved, That we will devote ourselves to an earnest and vigorous prosecution of the canvass. and that our labors for the success of our princ ples shall cease only when the polls have been fi-

of grateful pleasure the compliment paid to New Hanover in the selection of one of her most honored and devoted citizens, Col. EDWARD D. HALL for the office of Lieutenant Governor. Resolved, That we sincerely regret the refu-

sal of Hon. Z. B. VANCE, to become our candidate for Governor, but look for the same good judgment in the selection of the new candidate ch characterized the nomination of that distinguished and popular gentleman.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of this

county are hereby fally empowered to put in nomination good and true men for all county officers whose election may be provided for by th onstitution to be submitted to the people of North Carolina by the Convention now in session

at its leigh.

Resolved, That the Committee are hereby instructed to act promptly, so soon as it is ascertained from the Constitution itself what offices Resolved, That the Executive Committee be an-

thorized to represent the county of New Hanover in the Convention to be held in Wilmington on the the 19th instant, to nominate a candidate for Solicitor for the Fourth Judicial Circuit.

Geo. V. Strong, Esq., was then introduced by the Chairman, and addressed the meeting for the space of an hour or more. He was followed by Hon. S. J. Person, who in turn was succeeded by Col. R. H. ever, alluding to them at some length.

cheering, the largest assembly that we feat this object. have seen gathered in our public halls since the war. It is especially gratifying that so give our most emphatic denial that Mr. the war. It is especially gratifying that so many ladies were present, as we have light "will increase until it discloses its later the accident of the she was carried into the residence of the light" will increase until it discloses its later the accident with his usual ability, and said that it was offered in perfect sincerity. The yeas and much cause to rejoice in, and feel proud of, of the State, we pen this article. There source, the sun of victory. Our independ. General, and received every attention from how were refused him, and his amendment this fact. - Daily Journal 11th inst.

No Question of Loyalty.

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL the loyal and the disloyal. Every Democrat or Conservative, it matters not whether we will not do so. If he will accept, the he has served in the army of Grant or in the army of Lee, is put down by those owls, those scratch-cats of darkness, as plotting for the overthrow of rights constitutional. Was there ever such a misinterpretation of right and wrong? Was there ever such a farce enacted on the platform of politics? Satan sat upon his throne and said: "I am greater than God!" Thad. Stevens sits upon his throne, and from it rules Radical representatives, saying : "I candidate.

am greater than the Constitution!" The terriers South echo the words of this zany, and grin, and growl, and show their teeth, and gibber that nobody is here loyal except he takes to his bosom the darling ideas of the whole monstrous system of Radical diablerie. To be a Holden is to be a loyal man. To wear a weathercock in one's hat is to be a loyal man, and, like Thalian Hall was crowded to its utmost the bomb-proof, Southside, greedy, bomcapacity last night with the beauty and in- bastic X. P. G. W. W. change sides when telligence of Wilmington. The citizens five thousand dollars and eight dollars per were out en masse. A number of Wilming- diem are to be gained-certainly this is

To blast the Constitution, the framers of the Constitution, the President of the nathe throng that many were under the tion and his Cabinet, and all that are in of the Conservatives at Kenansville, on necessity of standing in the aisles and pas- any way opposed to Radical innovations, and the political economy of Radicalism-

Come to my arms you ebony critters, you are black but beautiful; we now want form and candidates of the party were en-The meeting was organized by the your votes; when we have got them you thusiastically endorsed. election of Hon. Hugh Waddell, Chair- can go where they say Cain has gone-O, The speeches of Cols. Cowan and DE very "loil." We shall be masters of the VANE of this city, and Mr. STRONG, of not yet been put in possession of. come here and do not side with alted terms. The enthusiasm which the to white and black, except that we look for us. A question of loyalty !? you white speakers excited was very great, and has discrimination, in favor of the blacks, in men of the South, and of the North. had the effect of arousing the people to the the matter of suffrage; blacks and whites cause of his fellow-citizens like himself, un- Stamp them down as vile calumniators importance of the issues of the canvass. It der ordinary circumstances might be ex- of your race; stamp them down as is said to have been the most successful without the usual and necessary guarantees cused. But it is now a time of life or men unfitted for your respect, and who in political meeting ever held in the county. death, and the man who fails to serve his no way can injure your reputation or your present business pursuits. Come out, and fear not their power; lend your aid in decloud which lowers over us is dark, and feating their mad designs. Topple the monster fabrication of Radicalism. Winnow the wheat; cause the smut to be picked, gathered and scattered on the fields of Radcal rottenness, to feed Radical worms; to increase Radical filth and Radical corrup-

You men that have come here from New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania; believe not in which they are engaged. He was glad the slanders which the enemies of the white to see them out, and to think that we man disseminate. You are strangers should be stimulated by their presence. here; but being so, does not militate against the convictions of your heart, those cherished political opinions and creeds of the masses of your native States. The place should not change the man. The true man will remain true under whatever or argue this question. Who would not sun, and will never prove recreant to the Its first announcement will send a thrill of prefer instant death to facing the spirit of sacred dust of his forefathers. The idea! his revolutionary sire after accepting of Will you suffer to be incorporated in negro throughout the State, and will be hailed egiments? to be marshalled by negro officers? Ponder the question, and decide. port of the emancipated slaves, to make your laws, to browbeat you, to threaten? "Be ye men and suffer such dishonor?" Look to the past. Do you see anything ducements to office for years to come, hopthere to advise such unheard-of proceedings? Remember the present will affect us but little. Alas! the future of our children will be dark. They will grow up to curse, and never to bless, the men that were at all instrumental in bringing about

Candidate for Governor,

The declension of Governor VANCE to become the Conservative candidate for Governor, makes it necessary to select some other gentleman, which the State Execu- of the State should calmly be brought to tive Committee, in connection with the the consideration only of the great and ab-Executive Congressional and Judicial Committees, propose to do on Saturday next. We have studiously refrained from attempting to influence the nomination of any favorite individual, having the utmost confidence in the judgment and discretion of the nominating power. And we are fully aware that it is no time now to press the claims of personal or party preferences, but to unite upon those most acceptable to the people, and the use of their name can the following resolutions, which were best promote the great aims of the Conservative party in defeating the odious Constitution which the Radicals are attempting to fasten upon the State.

We would not depart from this rule at this time, was not a different course forced upon us by the fact that the Morning Star, of this city, places at the head of its columns as its favorite candidate for Governor the name of the Hon. NATHANIEL A. BOYDEN, of Rowan, and as such, recom- great eventful struggle for the rights and libermends him to the nominating committees. If our silence might not be construed into fate than theirs, so I could desire no greater honor an approbation of the recommendation, and his name go before the Committees as the choice of the people of New Hanover, and possibly of this section of the State, we would remain silent. This course, however, might be productive of evil consequences, for we are satisfied that there is and uphold her fortunes, and I promise him my no public man in the State, professing to belong to the Conservative party, who has less to recommend him to our people than Mr. Boyden, and none less popular. His ing every man to his duty, as I shall endeavor to nomination will, we think, create little enthusiasm at home, and will be received by the people of this section with dangerous indifference, if not with positive objection. We are fully aware that the principal ob-

ject in nominating Conservative candidates is to bring out the people to vote against the Constitution, and we must subordinate all preferences to accomplish this object. Cowan. The remarks of these gentlemen and there is no paper which has shown in were most able, eloquent and stirring. We the past, and stands ready to do so in the regret that the late hour prevents com- future, a more willing disposition or earnest SESS, and who would divide our property ment. We propose in our next issue, how- effort in this respect than THE JOURNAL, but among themselves and reduce us to slavery, we will labor as diligently to prevent any This meeting was most enthusiastic and nomination which we are satisfied will dearmies of Heaven, will continue to fight at General Hinks' headquarters, threw

In this spirit, therefore, and in order to

While we will give the nominee of the willing to sink all friendships and prejudices, some attention must be paid to feel-

of these gentlemen, and with one exception

name of WILLIAM A. GRAHAM will bring

Col. E. D. Hall,

canvass of Onslow county. He represents ble body: that county as fully aroused and terribly of the Radicals.

Col. HALL has made appointments to doing noble service for the Conservative the Congress, it must be the so-called Concause, and is adding strength to the ticket stitution which this incompetent and un- ters" and North Carolina Radical bought babes

Duplin County.

We learn from a friend that the meeting Saturday last, was a decided success. Between one thousand and fifteen hundred people were in attendance from Duplin, Onslow and Sampson counties. The plat-

"rebels" and the Northern men who Goldsboro', are spoken of in the most ex-

New York University,

Among the graduates of the Medical Department of the New York University, we find the following from North Carolina Wm. Abernethy, D. R. Ambrose, W. J. H. Bellamy, Edward Clark, T. W. Harris, A. G. Jones, Wm. A. Lash, Alex. Montague, Thos. J. Moore, Jno. W. Sanders, K. R. prizes awarded were the Budd Prize to Thos. J. Moore, and the Roose Prize to well be proud of such sons.

From the Raleigh Sentinel.

The letter of Gov. Vance to the State Executive Committee, declining the nomination for Governor, will be found below. regret to the hearts of the Conservatives with rejoicing by the Radicals. But their for the prosecution of his profession, he the customs of the Northern States. has been anxious, both from necessity and inclination, to avoid all temptations or ining, by industry and energy, to provide for the future. Other very strong personal made him willing, for the moment to sacrifice anything to the wishes of his friends. vet mature reflection and consultation led him to the determination, which the people of the State will regret, but the necessity for which none deplore so much as himself. Moreover, he feels that the public exigency renders it necessary that all merely personal sources of irritation and violent feeling should be removed from the We believe it to be morally impossible. canvass, and that the entire white people sorbing issue of the contest, viz: the rejection of an odious Constitution, which is attempted to be forced upon the white a Constitution which ignores the claims of the white people of the State, and is made for the special benefit of the blacks and of

the 14th to supply the vacancy on the March 5th. ticket. Our friends throughout the State are assured that the Committee will make such an appointment as will be entirely satisfactory to the Conservatives, and will en-

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 6, 1868. R. C. Badger, Esq., Secretary Conservative Exec

My DEAR SIR :- Your letter informing me of my manimous nomination for the office of Governo the Conservative party, was not received until my return on yesterday from Cleveland court. I answer at the earliest rossible moment. I am confident that no higher compliment has been, or well can be, paid me, than this request, a field of operation farther removed from Flour, bols. of the free white men of my native State in this

ties of our race, for constitutional government and for Christian civilization. As I ask no other than to lead them, whether the pathway of our destiny should point to a speedy and a happy tri umph, or, in the good providence of God, still further into the valley of humiliation and suffering. But, after mature reflection, I feel compelled, both by public and private considerations, reluctantly to decline the nomination. I trust, therefore, that the Executive Committee will promptly select another of the many very worthy sons of North Carolina to bear her banner

upon the many evidences which are to be seen everywhere, of a great uprising of our people, se do mine, and thanking both the Executive Committee and yourself, as well for the high honor done me as for the manner in which a knowledge

of it was conveyed to me. I am. ZEBULON B. VANCE.

"The end is worth more than all the LIONS OF HAPPY LABORERS INTO cumbents were permitted to hold over and SAVAGES, BY BESTOWING ON THEM renew their bonds. NEVER INTENDED THEM TO POSwill be foiled and driven back. The God of battles, who rules on the earth as in the for us, if we are only true to ourselves .are a host of gentlemen among the Conser- ence once achieved, North Carolina will be the ladies of his family that it was possi- was VOTED DOWN! vatives of the State, the nomination of any world. We shall enjoy ourselves and leave The Radicals in this State, and, indeed, of whom will prove a tower of strength to to our children not only liberty, but all the in every other now groaning under Conthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be gressional oppression, endeavor to east necessary to place at the head of the ticket the industrial pursuits in the field and workthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not, therefore, be blessings which toleration in religion, and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause, and it will not the cause and conservative candidate for Lieutenant Govthe cause of the cause of the

The New Constitution.

We wish it were in our power to gratify the universal desire of our people to give more strength to the ticket than any other, an intelligent outline of the leading feanot only in this section, but throughout the tures of the Constitution to be submitted by on the 6th inst. The meeting was organthe so-called Convention, but as yet there ized by the selection of Daniel McNeill has been no article, we think, which has party our hearty support, and while we are passed its third reading, and those which have passed their second are so confused and altered by amendments that it lowing gentlemen were appointed a comings of positive aversion throughout a whole will require a committee to collect them tosection of the State in the selection of a gether and present them in an intelligent shape for their final consideration.

The following review from the Sentinel will give our readers some idea of what has returned and reported the following res-Col. HALL has returned home after a been and what will be done by this delecta-

"When the mongrel Convention will comof the late Conservative Convention in Raleigh, in earnest to defeat the evil machinations plete its bantling and submit it to the in- not only as to its plan of organization, but also inspection of the people cannot be deter-the great fundamental principles there declared. Resolved 2d, That the nomination of Zebulon B. mined. The people have been sufficiently amused with its proceedings and are now address the people of Jones and Lenoir at various places in those counties. Our becoming weary and disgusted with its action. If anything can arouse the white as we do, Judges who spell January in the old standard-bearer for Lieutenant Governor is people of the State to go to the polls and fashioned way with a J, we will support the presvote, a privilege graciously granted them by with those who have been nominated by the Con-

> constitutional body is engaged in framing. "What portion of it can be regarded as complete, we are unable to determine. The greater number of articles, we presume, England "carpet-sacker" or a Southern hybrid have passed their second reading. These articles are yet to be put together, when it is likely they will be revised and amended

> on their third reading. "Some days ago we gave a general outline of their character, which subsequent information does not require us to change.
>
> We had hoped to obtain copies of each We had hoped to obtain copies of each who proposes to address his party here "Some days ago we gave a general outarticle, as adopted on its second reading, to at that time. lay before our readers, but these we have

The equality of all men, and equal civil tee for each District of the county, viz : and political rights, will be granted alike will be put upon the same footing as to sitting on juries, and as to holding office, as to capacity, responsibility or moral integrity; the property qualification, so essential to the protection of society and property, will be generally discarded; no prohibition as to mixing up blacks and whites in the militia, or in the public schools, or as to intermarriage, will be made, but every encouragement, both in the law and in the practice and intercourse of the advocates District Congressional Convention, viz of negro equality, will be given to Africanization. Poor white men, unable to educate their children, are to be compelled to Taylor and T. B. Twitty. Among the send them to school with the blacks. In A Rozier, Jno H McEachern, Jno Leach, the matter of taxation, discriminations may PP Smith, Jno W Alford, Jno S McArthur, be made in favor of the blacks. A tax of nearly or quite \$100,000 is to be levied upon Wellington Wishart, H B Howell, Alex'r W. J. H. Bellamy. We congratulate our the personal and real property of the peo- Humphrey, and the following delegates to fellow-citizen upon his victory in a class so ple, to pay the expenses of the Convention, District Judicial Convention, viz: Giles numerous and talented. Wilmington may which three-fourths of the tax payers of the Leitch, Esq, Alfred Rowland, W F French, State never desired or assented to. This W S Norment, James T Petteway, Calvin tax, we understand, is to be raised from Black, Reuben King, Murphy C McNair, I the lands, tenements, furniture, goods and P Smith, John T Pope. chattels, stock of all kinds, poultry, &c.,-

erty of the people. Besides a large increase of officers and Lean, WS Chaffin, and Giles Leith, Esq. salaries, an effort is making to compel the the meeting adjourned to re-assemble on Legislature to levy a tax to pay, at an early the 21st instant, for the purpose of nomiday, the interest on the State debt. The nating candidates to fill the different county general characteristics of our old customs offices. ere to be changed. The House of Comsentatives." Instead of the simple division Are cliques of ruffian men, with no other vance of his nomination, earnestly begged of towns and counties, we are to have daim than that which gives them the sup- that he should not be urged for any posi- "townships." New offices and new names tion on the ticket. Having settled himself are to be introduced, in accordance with

in fine, upon all the real and personal prop-

Thus it appears that the new Constitucordance with North Carolina, but with Yankee customs-thus showing that the ten or twelve Yankees in the Convention reasons influenced him. Hence, although have been the leaders, masters and conhis noble and generous nature subsequently trollers of the eighty or ninety native nin- of turpentine inspected, and spirits and tar compoops, sent to the Convention by the gauged : negroes and an insignificant portion of the white people of North Carolina. The Thos W Player. 14,199 people of North Carolina have asked for relief-have begged for bread, and these Arch Alderman..... mongrels will give them a stone. No real JM Henderson. relief is promised them-nor will be. Will Jno C Bowden the white people of North Carolina sanction such a Constitution? We hope not.

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, UNIVERSITY OF MARY-LAND -A GRADUATE FROM NEW HANOVER .- tors named below : We have heretofore neglected to return our thanks to our friend Mr. Chas. S. Kerr, of W M Munroe...... 1,782 273 people of this State without their consent— Upper Black River district in this county, E Turlington..... for an invitation to attend the commence- Geo McDuffie...... ment exercises of the School of Medicine, University of Maryland, which took place visions and Weighers are as follows: The Executive Committee will meet on at Holiday Street Theatre, in Baltimore,

We are pleased to learn that this gentleman was among the number who graduated Rice, casks. at this session, and upon whom the degree of M. D. was conferred. From a personal Pork, bbls........3,420 | Bacon, hhds. knowledge and intimate association with Beef, bbls..... him from childhood up, we have cause to know that his diploma was deservedly won, by patient and laborious application and Rags, bales...... hard study. We are not informed whether he will enter upon the practice of his Pork, bbls. profession in his native county, or seek Beef, bbls...

us. Wherever he may go, we firmly believe that that success which true merit Rags, bales..... never fails to attain, will attend his efforts. Our best wishes and those of his friends he will always have.

COUNTY COURT.—The Court was engaged principally with the transaction of county business Tuesday, having special reference to the repair of bridges and roads and other matters of secondary importance. Among the long ages reserved for the existence of other things done an appropriation of the government which Washington estabmost hearty and zealous support. other things done an appropriation of the government which washington established, and which Lincoln labored and died for the County Workhouse, as recommended in the report of the Finance Committee.

> Licenses to retail spirituous liquors were granted to six parties in this city. The fees of the Jailor were reduced from fifty to forty cents per day for each U. L. A. in N. C., January 31, 1868.)

In regard to the appointment and election of such officers as is generally re-THE WICKED AND CRUEL PEOPLE quired at this term, by special understand-WHO WOULD CONVERT FOUR MIL- ing with General Canby, the present in- lowing section was reached:

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—A horse attached to a buggy in which Dr. Windell T. Robinson and lady were seated, took fright on Monday evening and dashed off at a most frightful speed and, in turning the corner Mrs. Robinson with great force to the Courage, then, all! Let us be united, and ground, rendering her insensible; in which patient, and firm, and loyal, and self-sacri- condition, we are pained to state, she still

For the Journal.

Conservative Meeting in Robeson County

According to previous notice the "Con-

servatives" of Robeson met in Lumberton

Chairman, and Dr. W. A. Dick and W.

On motion of Giles Leitch, Esq., the fol-

mittee to draft resolutions, viz : James A.

Rozier, Allen Walters, Alex. Humphrey,

James Blount and Stephen D. Collins. Af-

ter retiring a few moments the committee

olutions, which were unanimously adopted,

Vance and Col. Hall is highly gratifying to us (couldn't be better pleased) and that we will go i

ent incumbents of the office of Judge, together

servative party in preference to "Yankee Squat-

Resolved 3d, That we prefer a "live Yankee" to a Southern traitor, and having no sort of use

St Paul's-Neill McNeill, Daniel McMillan.

Smith's—P P Smith, R Lilly.

Humphrey's—H H Ellis, A D Brown.

Alford's—John W Alford, M A McLean.

White House-W J Oliver, Colin Williams,

Thompson's-John S McArthur, John Han

Sterling's—Emeoin Atkinson, W S Floyd.
Britt's—D F E lmund, John Collins.
Back Swamp—D C McIntyre, Neill Townsend.

Burnt Islands-Uriah Pitman, John Warwick.

following were appointed delegates to the

John A Rowland, Thomas A Norment, N

A McLeau, Thomas J Morisey, Rory Mc-

Nair, John W Smith, Alex'r Gunn, James

G H Floyd, James A Lawson, S D Collins.

After having the pleasure of listening to

from Thos A Norment, Esq, Col N A Mc-

INSPECTORS' RETURNS. - The following re-

turns of their operations for the past twelve

months have been made by the several In-

The following are the Naval Store In-

.12,695

GEORGE ALDERMAN.

D. E. BUNTING.

"WHO WILL PLOT FOR THE HEADS OF ABE

"Our beloved State will once more put

on the garments of prosperity; and our

people will be contented and happy through

W. W. HOLDEN, President.

A. H. Jones, 2d Vice Pres'dt.

(Closing sentence of the address to the

There was an error in our report of Fri

day's proceedings on this article. The sub-

joined is the correct version, when the fol-

SEC. 18. The General Assembly is hereby em

powered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the Public

Schools during the period between the ages of six (6) and eighteen (18) years, for a term of not less

Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to amend

by adding at its close: "Provided, there

shall be separate and distinct schools and

colleges for the WHITE AND COLORED

Mr. Graham enforced his amendment

JAS. S. HARRIS, 1st Vice Pres'dt.

From the Raleigh Sentinel.
The Article on Education.

W. W. Holden, June 5th, 1861.

LINCOLN AND GEN. SCOTT?"

Fraternally yours,

C. W. HORNER, Secretary,'

to preserve!

W. A. DICK,

now in session here.

John S James 2,634 Johnson & Southerland .36,770

Jas O Bowden . .

Alfred Alderman ...

W. J. Price.....

DANEL MCNIELL.

Secretaries.

3.910

 $2,444 \\ 11,057$

4,211

Hay, bales

" casks.....

Hay, bales 5,826

" sacks.....

Tallow, bhds. ...

25 Cotton, ".....4 103 Rice, bbls.....

889 Tallow, hhds....

.....3.421 | Bacon, hhds

25 | Cotton, "... 103 | Rice, bbls...

3,16

On motion of Col. John A. Rowland, the

in the law.

Foster French, Secretaries.

HON. WILLIAM H. BATTLE.-We are pleased to publish below the letter of acceptance of this admirable Judge and pureminded Christian gentleman, in reply to the communication of the Secretary of the Executive Committee, informing him of nis nomination for the seat on the Supreme Court bench, which he now adorns:

CHAPEL HILL, March 5tb, 1868. Sir:—Your letter informing me that I had been manimously nominated by the State Executive committee of the Conservative party, for a seat on the bench of the Supreme Court has just been I accept the nomination, and, if elected, shall,

in the future as I have done in the past, endeavor to discharge the duties of the high office for which I am proposed, honestly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my abilities.

With my thanks to the Executive Committee for the honor which they have conferred upon me, and to you for the kind terms in which you have communicated their wishes.

I am very truly yours, WILL. H. BATTLE. To BICHARD C. BADGER, Esq., Sec'y State Ex. Com., Raleigh, N. C.

PROPOSED MASS MEETING IN RALEIGH. correspondent of the New Berene Journal of Commerce proposes a grand State mass meeting in this city some time during the pending canvass. He advises that the white people shall come up from all sections of the State, with banners and devices, and that the ablest speakers of the sion, when a measure like this was dis-State be invited to be present and address cussed, would meet the requirements of the people.

or speckled political hermaphrodite.

Resolved, 4th, That we will unite with our sister counties in restoring North Carolina to the proud position which she occupied when her own sons governed the affairs of State in their ow the people.

The committee also reported the names of the following as the Executive Commit-Lumberton—W Foster French, Jesse Phillips. Howell's—W J Regon, Jno C Kinlaw. forts ever heard in that section of the changing the remedy. In his opinion the Lumber Bridge-Roderick McMillan, D A Ma! State. Our informant writes that "many ordinance would not stand the test of the McEachern's - Dr A Bethnne, James D McLean

> WE LEARN that, at the recent meeting at Lenoir, in Caldwell county, the bare and that was all gammon. In his county the simple mention of Holden's name was sufficient to bring down a torrent of hisses .- opposed the war, &c. He agreed with Mr. And this is the man, thus despised and execrated by all white men, who is seeking to destroy the State government, it was rebe Governor of North Carolina by negro sponsible for our debts. But he did not votes !- Sentinel.

GOOD NEWS FROM PITT.—We learn with

hands in this city, who have been engaged, Agreed to. recently, in making a Constituoshun for the white people of North Carolina, will soon be out of employment. Persons desound, eloquent, and instructive addresses siring to engage "servitors" (Pedagogue-Pilgrim-Cod-fish Ashley) for the approaching crop, will please address Cuffee Mayo, care of Jeems H. Harris, Raleigh. The last is an excellent Cropper. - Sentinel.

"WE TRIED TO SAVE SLAVERY

6. Unqualified opposition to what is known as negro suffrage."-Holden, 1865.

tion is to be indeed a new one, not in ac- spectors named below to the County Court fied to learn that the Conservatives of Caldwell county had an enthusiastic rally at Lenoir, a few nights since. There was a very large crowd in attendance, and the spectors' returns of the number of barrels Hons. A. S. Merrimon, John Kerr and R. Y. McAden made able and effective speeches. The finest spirit prevails in Caldwell, and the Radicals will hardly make a black mark in that noble little

> Of Timber and Lumber the following amount has been inspected by the Inspecacy in North Carolina. They have at last discovered the truth that a few bankrupt The returns of the Inspectors of Pro-Cotton, bales......2,670 | Flour, bbls......7.505 all that is good in North Carolina. This4,712 of that county will redeem it on the day of 96 election from the least and last remains of Negroism !- Carolinian.

RALLY OF WHITE MEN IN NORTHAMPTON. -On Monday last there was a large and enthusiastic meeting of the white men of Northampton county, at Jackson, the county seat, to ratify the nominations of the State Executive committee. That sterling democrat and gallant soldier and patriot, Gen. Matt W. Ransom, presided. Gen. Ransom, Col. Spruill and W. W. Peebles, Esq., made able and eloquent speeches. District committees were appointed, and preparations made for a thorough canvass of the county.

Old Gwanny "-from his somewhat peculiar pronunciation of the word Guanois intensely disgusted by the greed of his Yankee associates. He was always in favor of everybody's having their sheer of the public lands, but is horrified by the fact have proved that in a precinct men voted that five Yankee interlopers aspire to con who had previously voted for men who were gressional seats from North Carolina—and mother to the Senatorial Toga. "Old Gwanny," will vote the nigger ticket, Governor and all, but it goes terribly against the grain.—Ral. Carolinian.

ATTEMPT TO CREATE A Row:-Just at the close of the county meeting of the the poll-holders voted for men that were white men of Wake, held at the court house in this city on yesterday, an attempt was you have sent your report to Gen. Canby. made by Jos. William Holden, one of the without having sent as you were di radical nominees for the Legislature, to rected by the Convention, for persons and reate a disturbance by denouncing Col. J. P. H. Russ, for remarks made by the later during a speech he delivered on the door some hour or more previous. He was, an affidavit from one of the poll-holders of nowever, summarily ejected from the hall.

and their pale-faced brethren, also attempted about the same time, to intimidate the meeting by collecting before the door of the court house and using offensive and threatening language.—Carolinian.

This short report of what actually trans- cold Northern lakes. We also observed Goldsboro' News.

Col. E. D. Hall, of New Hanover, the sers. Let them take it up and ring the bound," but it happened to be a swallow-Conservative candidate for Lieutenant Gov- changes upon it from the mountains to the tailed coat in which was clad a backwoods

STATE POLITICAL NEWS.

Let the Executive Committee have a meet- just. He could not understand why banks ing and announce the time and place for a could be sued on their notes, when they Grand Mass Meeting, and then let the were not allowed to collect anything due press of the State urge the attendance of

such efforts will certainly secure us victo- courts. The ordinance of '65, he thought,

the White Man's party at Greenville, to reconsider. Pitt county, last week. Able speeches were made by Hon. Sien H. Rogers, Attornays were called, and the vote stood—yeas ney General, F. B. Satterthwaite, Esq., and others. The white men of Pitt are fully aroused, and will do their whole duty consideration of this object and make it on the day of election. - Carolinian.

"CONSPICUOUS UNION LANDMARKS."

GRAND RALLY AT LENOIR. - We are grati-

RANDOLPH AWAKING. - We are in receipt of private advices from the county of Randolph—heretofore deemed a very Gibraltar of Radicalism, which indicate a great revulsion of public sentiment. Men who have heretofore acted with the black Republican party, have become thoroughly ashamed of past co-operation with it, and are now determined to resist for all time to come, and with all their might the shameless advocates of negro equality and negro suprempolitical backs, faise alike to their color and to the State of their nativity, are eagued with vagabond, carpet-bag adventurers from other States, plotting their own political advancement, and seeking to rebuild their desperate fortunes, by prostrating everything that is noble, and blasting news from Randolph is cheering; and unless we are sadly deceived the white men

Gin'ral Dockery-familiarly known as

From the Raleigh Sentinel. The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

NIGHT SESSION. WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1868. The Convention was called to order at 7

'clock. The report of the committee on Immigration was taken up.

Mr. Rich, the Chairman of the commit tee, said that this subject had been linger. ing long enough. He called the previous

The call was sustained and the question ecurred upon Mr. Candler's substitute. The yeas and nays were called and the vote

stood, yeas 21, nays 62. The ordinance, as amended, was put on its final passage. The year and nays being called resulted, yeas 32, nays 66.

Mr. Tourgee claimed the floor upon the notice which he gave last night, of moving reconsideration of the vote taken upon Mr. Rodman's ordinance for relief. Mr. Tourgee then proceeded to give his objections to the ordinance at considerable

length. Mr. King, of Lenoir, concurred with Mr. Tourgee, and, in an argument of some length, gave his reasons for objecting to

Mr. Graham, of Orange, thought that

his substitute, offered on a previous occathe case, and with due deference to the We heartily approve the suggestion. House, he thought it would be much more them. In another section, there was much verbage to express what could be done in a few words and it was done for puzzling Hon. Thos. S. Ashe.—We learn that this and misleading the people. If this ordi listinguished gentleman, one of the can- nance was reconsidered, he would move vassers for the State at large, condescend- his substitute. He did not favor a retroed to reply last week, at Albemarle, Stanly spective homestead; he thought them a county, to "Windy Billy," Jr., and made snare. He was in favor of practical relief one of the most powerful and splendid ef- and thought it could be best come at by would much better, and more justly in its provisions meet the necessities of the people. As to this stuff about aristocracy property-holders were the men that mainly Tourgee, that if Congress had the right to admit the constitutionality of these laws of

Congress, &c. After some further debate Mr. Tourgee leasure that there was an enthusiastic rally called the previous question on his motion

> 73, nays 20. Mr. Pool moved to postpone the further

the special order for Monday next, at 10 o'clock, and that his two ordinances on re-Notice Extraordinary.—Fourteen field lief be considered in connection with it.-

The House soon after adjourned.

MORNING SESSION. THURSDAY, March 5, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10 Prayer by the Rev. — Eppes (negro). Mr. Holt arose to a question of privilege

He said that his resolutions (about Holde offered yesterday had been treated with contempt and thrown out. He offered the following protest, and asked that it be put

on the record : "As the resolutions which I offered vesterday, with reference to the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, and the alleged complicity of W. W. Holden in that foul crime were not allowed to be read in the Convention. I do, in the name of the people of Orange county, solemnly protest against this outrage upon their rights, by refusing to their representative on this floor an undeniable matter of justice, in violation of the rules of this body and of all parliamentary rules and usages." Mr. King, of Lenoir, moved that the pro-

test be returned to the introducer, as was the resolution. Mr. Holt said the House would not wait to hear the resolutions even read. The charges contained were made all over the

While Mr. Holt was speaking the Speak er's hammer fell, and he called Mr. Holt to Mr. Holt said he was speaking in regard

to his resolutions, and he wished his protest entered on the records. Mr. Durham said that the reason why Republican members would not allow the protest to be entered, was from sheer cowurdice, and it was an infamous and cowardly outrage. He demanded the right for Mr Holt to enter his protest, and if you refuse it to him, it will be in perfect keeping with the tone and temper of this body, and we

from abject and sheer cowardice on your Mr. King's motion to return the protest

denounce such a proceeding as arising

was put and carried. Mr. Sweet called up the resolution, reported by the committee on Pivileges and Elections, in regard to vacating the seat now occupied by Mr. Williams, of Sampson, Conservative, in favor of one L. D. Hall, a Radical.

Mr. Durham objected to it as being ou of order. The Chair decided in favor of Mr. Sweet and the report was read.

Mr. Fullings, the Chairman of the con

mittee, moved its adoption. Mr. Williams said he felt it to be his duty to defend his seat from this outrageous and fraudulent attack. This case, some time ago was referred back to the committee with instructions to send for persons and papers. He had never been summoned to go before it. A gentleman was in town one or two days ago, who was anxious to go be fore the committee, and asked him (Mr. Williams) to have it assembled, who could no candidates. But he (Mr. W.) felt s delicacy in acting in the matter, and be sides it was the duty of that committee to have sent for him. He could prove, is allowed to do so, that there were not only twenty or twenty-five men in the county by the name of Hall, but men known to well known not to be candidates. Now papers. If you sent for any, you collected evidence all on one side. Mr. Durham said that he held in his hand

a precinct, with the county seal stamped W. W. Holden, the radical nominee for upon it, showing that the votes for Ransom Governor, attended by a gang of negroes Hall, Randall Hall and Rance Hall, were cast for different persons, and knowingly too; and even were there not a general order from Gen. Canby to that effect, the votes would not be allowed for a candidate unless the full name was upon his ticket. But we know what course you will pursue Going Over.-We observed this morn- in this matter. Mr. Williams is a Consering a very large flock of wild geese on their vative, and therefore, you will expel him. th to the But we protest against the infamous pro

ceeding. Mr. Graham, of Orange, said the committee might have evidence to satisfy it, but he had heard none. The first report

gressional oppression, endeavor to cast dust in the eyes of Northern men coming here to fill situations, public or private, or here to fill and work the industrial pursuits in the field and work.

An early spring—jumping out of bed at the head of the ticket of the state of the state of the industrial pursuits in the field and work.

Sometime in the cause,

and persons in this matter, and report up- was accepted and adopted. on the evidence that you might obtain? these various Halls were meant for this bacco and liquors distilled from fruits.— Hall. But Mr. Williams has shown con- The report was read and adopted. clusively that they were not. I protest

against this outrage. Mr. Carter said that he had circulated olinian. heard him called Rans. Hall. At one precinct, the poll-holders said it should be Randall Hall; at another Ransom Hall. Mr. Durham: Do you know anything of

the other precincts?

Mr. Carter: No. sir. the law in New York about this matter. Mr. Abbott said the votes were counted

Mr. Durham: Yet, sir, you propose to turn Mr. Williams out of his seat on merely an assumption of a committee, which has not allowed Mr. Williams an opportunity to defend himself, and additional section: without taking steps to inform themselves Convention.

After a running debate on both sides, Mr. Fullings called the previous quesion. The call was sustained on the adopion of the report, the year and nays were alled and resulted in the following bal- the amendment would be voted down.

Messrs. Abbott, Ashley, Bryan, Carter, Candler, Chillson, Colgrove, Congleton, Dickey, Luck-worth, Fisher, Forkner, Fullings, Gahagan, Gar-land, Garrett, Glover, Graham, of Montgomery, Gunter, Harris, of Wake, (negro), Harris, of Franklin, Hayes, of Robeson, Highsmith, (negro), Hobbs, Hood, (negro), Ing. Lee, (negro), Logan, Long, Mann, May, Marshall, Morton, Newsom, ith, (negro), words to Mr. Durham's section: Pierson, (negro), lihodes, Smith, Stilwell, Sweet, Teague, Tourgee and Tacker.

Those who voted in the negative were: Messrs. Baker, Bradley, Daniel, Durham, Ellis, Etheridge, French, of Bladen, Graham, of Orange, Grant, of Wayne, Hare, Hodnett, Hollowell, Holt, Horney, Charles and bringing about the practical enslavement of the colored race."

Mr. Durham said that it was manifest lyman (negro), Jones, of Caldwell, King, of Le-loir, Kinney, Latlin, Legg, Lennon, Merritt, Mc-lonald, of Chatham, Moore, Nicholson, Patrick.

used from voting, as they were not satis-

Mr. Williams said, in retiring, that he

lefended his seat because he thought it a it. He intended, if he could, to make genduty which he owed to his constituents. | tlemen go on record in this matter. But, personally, he thought it an honor to be SPECIAL ORDER.

nd Cities was read. Mr. Tourgee, the Chairman, explained

article, as a whole, was put on its pas- together. adopted by a party vote, yeas 83, Our limits preclude an abstract of the

ussion on this article.

ading of the article the special order for o'clock, on Saturday next. Carried. On motion of Mr. Abbott, the report of pecial order for Saturday. Mr. Rodman moved to make the Judi-

iary article the special order for Friday tion. evening next. Agreed to. Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, called up

is ordinance in regard to relieving H. B. Guthrie, Sheriff of Orange, of a fine of one thousand dollars. A letter was read from the Public Treasurer in regard to the mat-

Galloway, (negro,) moved the adoption of the ordinance. After some little debate it was adopted.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) moved to take up his resolution in regard to stopping the per diem after the 15th inst. Galloway, (negro) moved to lay the mo-

By permission, Mr. Rodman introduced an ordinance extending the time for the registration of deeds. Lies over. On motion of Mr. French, of Bladen, the House adjourned.

Note .- Mr. Heaton said in voting for the 14th section of the report of the Committee on Counties, Towns, &c., he was satisfied that debts incurred exclusively for purposes of humanity and enevolence would not be considered as debts contracted in aid of the rebeliion.

NIGHT SESSION.

THURSDAY, March 5, 1868. The Convention was called to order at 71

By permission, Mr. Ashley introduced a the Convention. The report lies over until the morning.

SPECIAL ORDER-HOMESTEAD. The question recurring upon the 2d sec-

Mr. Tourgee took the floor, and, after peaking some time, offered a substitute or the above section. Hood (negro) objected to it.

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, favored it. Mr. Hodnett said he was not willing to ubmit any proposition to the people which he believed to be unconstitutional. Disguise it as you may, the delegate from Guilford (Tourgee) was seeking to divide This would sap the foundation of industry because the idle would be as much protec ted as the industrious. If a bond which he held could be destroyed, his right in

lands could be just as well destroyed. If it was inviolate, the other was also. He hoped the Convention would not be deluread, and various amendments, the Home-

stead Article passed its 2d reading, yeas 78 it was ordered to be engrossed and made the special order on its final reading for

to-morrow (Friday) night, at 71 o'clock. Mr. Forkner's resolution, limiting debate to one speech of fifteen minutes, un-

less by consent of the House, was taken Hood (negro) moved to strike out "15' and insert "10."

On motion of Mr. Ragland, the House

MORNING SESSION. FRIDAY, March 6, 1868. The Convention was called to order at 10 such a manner that both races would have passage.

Prayer by Rev. Warwick, (negro). Mr. Rodman presented a report from the and the call was sustained. Judiciary committee, covering an ordince protecting the rights of former slaves, who had purchased property. Mr. Rodman moved to put it on its pas-

Mr. Abbott seconded the motion, and Mr. Heaton called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained, and the vote Mr. Tourgee submitted a report from the sulted—yeas 74, nays 12. stood yeas 95, nays 4.

stantiate it. Where is your evidence ?- | committee on Internal Improvements, fa-Produce it now before this Convention. vorable to an ordinance incorporating a Were you not directed to send for papers branch of the Dan River Railroad, which Graham, of Orange, Hare, Hodnett, King,

Mr. Hodnett called up the report of the Now you have not brought a shadow of select committee appointed to memorialize Mr. Heaton rose to a personal explana-

tion in relation to a publication in the Carthe name of S. D. Hall, and had always SPECIAL ORDER—REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

When the first section was read Mr. Graham, of Orange, said that, though he was of the committee, he had not thought proper to sign the report. In the first place, he thought it too long. The first five sec-Mr. Durham asked Mr. Abbott what was tions could be condensed into one. In another, provision was made for the indictment of delinquent counties. He could for the persons intended, but those who cast not understand how counties could be inthem were always summoned before the inves- dicted any more than the State. He then proceeded briefly to point out various objectionable features in the report.

Section 1 was adopted, and sections 2, 8 and 4, after immaterial amendments. Mr. Graham moved the following as an

"The General Assembly shall provide concerning the matter, as directed by the schools for the black children of the State, eparate and apart from those provided for WHITE CHILDREN."

Mr. French, of Bladen, said that, according to the report, the counties would regulate such matters. He, therefore, hoped

Those who voted in the affirmative Mr. Ashley said this article was framed for the benefit of all children. Harris, of Wake (negro), objected to it

"It being understood, however, that this section is not offered in sincerity or because there is any necessity for it, but that it is proposed for the sole purpose of breed-

why that amendment was offered. He fur- public debt was sealed. You educate the ther remarked that he had been called to Parks, Ray, Read, Renfrow, Sanderlin, Stilly and order, and other Conservatives had been called to order, for reflecting, as they had Andrews, Eppes, (negro,) French, of a right to do, upon the political sentiments Rockingham, Mayo (negro) McCubbins, of members of the Republican party. He Mullican, Parker, Ragland, Williams, of had been denounced, his honesty and sin-Wake, and Williamson, (negro,) were ex-cerity called in question, and his personal motives reflected upon by a delegate whom he could not notice (Harris, of Wake, ne-Messrs. McDonald, of Chatham, French, gro.) The Chair did not call him to order. of Bladen, King and Nicholson voted with This thing had occurred with various Conthe Conservatives, as they did not think servative gentlemen on this floor. Now he they could vote consistently to turn Mr. wished the Reporters to state that the utmost latitude and privileges were allowed Mr. Durham gave notice that the Con- by the Chair to Republican members, servatives would offer the same protest as which were denied to Conservative gentle men. Rank partiality was practiced, and he wished the people of the State to know

Mr. Hodnett said that he regretted to the words "and it is hereby exempted."see party spirit manifested on this ques- Carried. tion. He had hoped to have separate The report of the Committee on Towns schools established. The prejudices of his people would not allow otherwise. A wise statesman had said a wise legislator should ever respect the prejudices of the people. amendment and the vote stood, yeas 20, he various features and points.

The various sections were much discussed, His constituents would think that the artinays 76. everal of them amended, and, finally, the cle insidiously meant to put the children

leave the question to the counties? Mr. Hodnett: But the article says that

chools shall be established for all. Mr. Tourgee: Is not a policy adopted now, leaving this matter to the counties, out debate. where the article says a school or schools shall be established?

Mr. Hodnett : Well, what will we do in he Committee on Finance was made the our county, where there are five or six hundred colored majority? Mr. Pool: I desire to ask you a ques-

> Mr. Hodnett: It seems from the number of questions that I am asked, that I am touching you on a tender point.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, and Harris, of Wake, (negro,) next had a say. Mr. Ashley called the previous question. Mr. Durham said that the Conservatives journed.

wished to discuss the measure; he hoped the Reporters would state that the opportunity to debate the matter was denied

The call for the previous question was ustained.

The question recurred upon Mr. Ashy's amendment. Mr. Durham asked for the yeas and nays.

but they were refused to him and the amendment was declared adopted. The question recurred upon the section,

as amended. The yeas and nays were called, on motion of Mr. Abbott, and resulted in yeas 15, nays 90, (the Conservatives voting in the affirmative.)

Sections 6 to 17 inclusive, were adopted. In section 18, (relative to the Universiaddition of the following provision:

ty,) Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved the "That there shall be separate and dis-

tinct schools and colleges for the black and white races." Mr. Durham said that it had been stated

on this floor that the colored people did report from the committee on Printing, re- not wish mixed schools. Then why do you commending an election of a Printer for refuse to say, here, that such mixture shall pose of having the Constitution presented in no case be made; you say that counties will regulate these matters, but the white rules were suspended and the resolution der for Wednesday next, 11 o'clock. people in those counties that have a negro adopted. majority demand that we shall here incorporate, in the Constitution, a clause to proect them. In the counties in which the blacks have such large majorities they ceeding at once to elect a Printer. would argue, if the white people are so much our social superior, they may educate their children as they may, but we have the power and will manage the schools as we please. The white people of those counties demand, at your hands, protection against this thing. We make this ANOTHER TEST QUESTION, and if you refuse to incorporate such a clause in the Constitution we have a perfect right to election of Printer had been adopted. draw the inference that you are determined to force "social equality." What other construction can the people, as sensible people, place upon your action? This statement about leaving the matter to the different counties amounts simply to giving the colored majorities in different counties the power to force the white people eral sections, as they were respectively in those counties to send their children to mixed schools or keep them out of them.

> Galloway (negro) said that this was intended to frighten weak-kneed Republicans. If such an amendment was adopted he would canvass against the Constitu-

> Mr. Rodman gave his reasons for objecting to the amendment, and so did Mayo (negro.)

Mr. Abbott did not think the matter of having blacks and whites going to school sidered as coming within the purview of together was so grave a matter, after all, when looked at in an unprejudiced man ner. But, as peculiar circumstances existed here, he was willing to yield, in some voted down. degree, to the prejudices of the people. He thought the plan of leaving the matter to ted. the counties would regulate the matter in

Mr. Ashley called the previous question The question recurred on Mr. Graham's amendment. Mr. Graham called for the yeas and nays.

eparate schools.

They were refused and the amendment vas roted down. The section, as it stood, was adopted.

The question recurred on the article, as

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs. Daniel, Durham, Ellis, Etheridge, of Lincoln, McCubbins, Merritt, Sanderlin, and Williams, of Wake.

Mr. Ashley moved that the third reading evidence to show that the votes cast for Congress for a reduction of the tax on to- of this article be made the special order for Monday next at 12 o'clock. Carried.

> tween certain parties. After a great deal of debate, the previous question was called and the question recurred upon the adoption of the ordinance. And the General Assemby shall have no sentatives. The yeas and nays were demanded and had, and the vote stood, yeas 60, nays 24.

Mr. Rodman introduced another report

in yeas 51, nays 21. On motion of Mr. Renfrow, the House djourned. Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, read a communication from the "ladies of the African

Church," inviting the members of the Convention to attend a festival to be held at the old Guion Hotel, this evening.

NIGHT SESSION. FRIDAY, March 6, 1868. According to adjournment, the Convention was called to order at 7½ o'clock. The report of the committee on Home-

In the first section, Mr. Jones, of Cald well, moved to add to the 5th line the words, "contracted after the adoption of

the Constitution." Mr. Rich said that this subject had been Hood (negro), ditto.

Mr. Ashley moved to add the following further discussion unnecessary. He hoped the amendment would be voted down. Mr. Trogden supported the amendment.

He was opposed to retroactive homesteads, as he thought them to be nothing more nor less than repudiation. Mr. Hodnett said that if this amendment

was voted down and the Convention passed a retroactive homestead, the fate of the people to repudiation. He had all his life opposed repudiation and opposed it now most strenuously, but if you pass a law impairing private debts, I will then, and so will the people of my section, demand the repudiation of the State debt. Mr. Forkner spoke in opposition to the

retrospective plan. The question recurred upon Mr. Jones amendment. The yeas and nays being called, the vote stood, yeas 34, nays 65. Mr. Tourgee moved to amend by inserting the words "and is hereby" before the word "exempted." Carried.

On the adoption of the section, as amended, the yeas and nays were called and resulted in, yeas 76, nays 16. Section 2 was read, when Mr. French. of Bladen, moved to amend by striking out the word "exempt" in 8th line and insert

Mr. Dowd moved to insert in the 3d and 8th lines \$2,000 instead of \$1,000. On motion of Mr. Graham, of Orange, the yeas and navs were called upon this

Hood (negro) called the previous question. The call was sustained and the quessage. The yeas and nays were called, and Mr. Abbott asked, did not the article tion recurred upon the adoption of section 2d, as amended, which was put to a vote

and carried. Section 2 was amended and adopted. Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 were adopted with-

Mr. Tourgee moved to reconsider the vote on section 6. Carried. Mr. Tourgee moved to amend, by striking out, in the 4th and 5th lines, the words 'after the adoption of the Constitution.'

Carried. The section, as amended, was then adopted. The article, as a whole, was put on its

final passage. The year and nays being called, resulted in a vote of yeas 63, nays

On motion, the Convention then ad-

MORNING SESSION. SATURDAY, March 7, 1868. The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock. Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Lennon, of the

Convention. Mr. Ashley wished to hear from the committee appointed in relation to his affair with Mr. Durham. Mr. Daniel, the Chairman, replied that

the committee had thought best to let the matter drop. The Chairman was directed to make his eport in writing.

RESOLUTIONS, ORDINANCES, &C. By Mr. Renfrow: A resolution in regard to a Mechanic's Lien law; which was referred without reading.

By Mr. Turner: A resolution in favor of a reduction of the tax on spirits of turpentine. Referred.

By Mr. Tourgee: A resolution empowering the Committee on Arrangement and Revision to procure parchment for the purfor the signature of the delegates. The

UNFINISHED BUSINESS. Mr. Ashlev called up the report of the Committee on Printing, in favor of pro-

The report was adopted. Mr. Andrews nominated W. W. Holden Son for the position. Mr. Rodman offered a resolution to dispense with an election and to authorize the Committee on Printing to contract for the

work. Mr. King, of Lenoir, raised a point of order, that the resolution to go into the The Chair sustained the point and th

Mr. Durham offered the names of Messrs. Hearne & Dunham. Mr. Tourgee moved to lay Mr. Durham's nomination on the table.

Mr. Ashley moved to elect by acclama-

resolution was withdrawn.

He withdrew the motion after being re monstrated with, and a viva voce ballot be-Mr. French, of Chowan, opposed the ing taken resulted in the election of Holden Son.

On motion of Mr. Tourgee, the report of the Committee on Counties, Towns, &c., was taken up. When section 14 was reached (prohibit-

ing the payment of any debt contracted by proposed work was read and adopted. Counties, &c., in aid of the rebellion) Mr. Baker moved to add, at the close of the section: "Provided, that debts contracted tion to the Northwestern Railroad. for benevolent purposes shall not be conthis section."

Mr. Baker called for the yeas and nays They were refused and the amendment was The section, as it stood, was then adop-

The article, as a whole, was put on its The yeas and nays being called resulted

ted without debate.

Mr. Abbott then moved the adoption of his substitute for the fourth and fifth sec-

various delegates.

substitute.

On its passage the year and nays being called, the vote stood, yeas 62, nays 30. The following is the amendment, as adop-

ted, viz: SEC. 4. Until the bonds of the State shall be at par, the General Assembly shall By permission, Mr. Rodman, from the committee on the Judiciary, reported an State except to supply a casual deficit, or amending the same.

power to give or lend the credit of the State in aid of any person, association or corporation, except to aid in the compleof a similar character, divorcing John Rob- tion of such railroads and other works of erts, of Chowan county, from his wife. The internal improvement as may be unfinished yeas and nays being demanded and called upon the adoption of the report, resulted in which the State has a direct or pecuniary interest, unless the subject he subjec by a direct vote of the people of the State, and be approved by a majority of those who shall vote thereon.

Sections 6, 7 and 8 were next adopted. The yeas and nays being called on the passage of the entire article, resulted in a ote of yeas 77, nays 20.

By consent, Hood, (negro,) introduced a cording to the rules. eport from the Committee on Disabilities. names of persons in that report recom- nays 5. mended for the removal of their disabilities, be put to the people for ratification, at resolution, raising a committee of three. stead was taken up and read the third the same time when the Constitution is

voted upon. out of order, as the report was only accept- valid. ed and not to be acted upon now. Mr. French, of Bladen, introduced an or-

dinance, making it a punishable offence for any one to intimidate, by threats or otherwise, persons to keep them from the The rules were suspended, on motion of

Mr. French, but, after some debate, it was

decided to have the ordinance printed be-

fore taking further action in the matter. Mr. Heaton, from the Committee on Revision, reported an article on Amendments to the Constitution. Ordered to be printed. On motion, the House adjourned until 71 P. M.

NIGHT SESSION.

SATURDAY, March 7, 1868. According to adjournment, the Convention was called to order at 71 o'clock. The special order, the report of the Committee on Punishments, Penal Institutions,

&c., was considered. The question recurred on Mr. Hobbs motion to strike out the 5th section. Mr. Welker asked Mr. Hobbs to withdraw the motion as he had a substitute to

Mr. H. replied that he wished to hear the substitute read first. Mr. Welker then proceeded to explain the proposed substitute. Mr. Hobbs refused to withdraw his mo-

Mr. Welker offered the following substitute: "A house or houses of Refuge shall be established, wherever the public interest shall require it, for the correction of juvenile offenders;" which, being put to a vote, was carried. Mr. King, of Lenoir, moved to strike out

the substitute. He said the people would not submit to have their children taken away from them.

The Chair here decided that the motion to strike out could not be entertained, as the motion to strike out had been negatived by the adoption of the substitute.

Mr. King appealed from the decision of the Chair. The House sustained the Chair. Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, moved a

reconsideration of the vote on the substi-Mr. Welker said that he wished to re sign his position as Chairman of the Committee, as he had not been treated as a gen-

deman (oh!) The Chair hoped Mr. Welker would not insist upon resigning, and Mr. Welker reented.

Mr. McDonald's motion to reconsider was then put and carried, when Mr. Heaton moved a substitute that "the Legislature shall have power to provide for the erection of such other houses of reformation and correction as may be deemed necessary and proper."

Monday, March 9, 1868. The Convention was called to order at

Prayer by the Rev. J. W. Hood, (negro). of the Convention. The Chair called attention to a communication from Lt. J. K. Wilson, of Gen'l Canby's staff, requesting the delegates to furnish the Department Headquarters with the names of men who could take the ironclad oath, and thus qualify themselves to fill vacancies that have occurred among

10 o'clock.

the Registrars.

concerning the North Western Railroad. Also a report upon the memorial from sage of the same.

The report of the committee, with the accompanying ordinance authorizing the Mr. Hayes, of Robeson, now called up the ordinance from the committee in rela-

Mr. Tourgee moved its adoption. Mr. Heaton said that as an Eastern man this measure had his hearty support. Mr. Sweet also favored its passage. Mr. Welker made a few remarks, advo-

eating the measure.

Mr. Tourgee said that the bill asked no the road, a distance of 28 miles only. On motion of Mr. Heaton, the bill was read by title as a second reading.

ed, resulted in the adoption of the ordi- punishment.—Charlotte Democrat. nance by a vote of yeas 82, nays 12. Mr. Ashley called up the report of the

The question finally recurred upon the passage and was adopted by a party vote Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current, stock of all descriptions is quite small, and we

of yeas 77, nays 10. On motion of Mr. Heaton, the report of the committee on Revision, presenting an article to be incorporated into the Constitution on the subject of smeadments there.

BEZSWAX, 18 33 @ 35 BEEF CATTLE, From store 0 00 @ 1 90 Molasses, # gallon, Cuba, hhds...45 @ 46 do bbls...00 @ 50 tution on the subject of amendments thereto was taken up.

Section 1st was read, when Mr. Durham

State, except to supply a casual deficit, or for suppressing invasion or insurrection, unless it shall in the same bill levy a special the change of the name of the House of Representation.

Mr. Durham moved then to strike out the two-thirds majority required by that Dundee......26 @ niary interest, unless the subject be submitted nays, and, the call being sustained, resulted powers in a vote of voes 22 page 66 in a vote of yeas 22, nays 66. Sheeting,

The yeas and nays were then called on the second reading and passage of the article, and the vote stood yeas 81, nays 7. On motion of Mr. Heaton the rules were FISH, The bbl., suspended and the article was read for the Mackerel, No. 1...20 00 @21 00

by vote, to inquire whether the signature of The Chair decided that this motion was tered voter, to the Constitution, would be

and adopt the resolution.

members of the committee, and Messrs. Guano, Peruvian, Mr. Cowles (the President) arose to a privileged question. He said that he was surprised at the suddenness with which the matter was sprung. It seemed to him that delegates had been goaded to it by the representations in a certain journal in this city, (Sentinel,) and he was surprised that gentlemen followed the lead of a paper that depressing the property of the property o gentlemen followed the lead of a paper that denounced all loyal men. He had never failed to support the Union, and was only involved, technically, in 1861, after the secession of South Carolina. He took the office of postmaster of the town, when his predecessor refused to hold office under Lincoln's administration: that had brought Lincoln's administration; that had brought Swede..... 10 @ 12 SHINGLES, W M., Contract... 3 50 @ 4 50 this investigation upon him. During the Hoop, this investigation upon him. During the war he had been arrested from time to time, and suffered in various ways for his loyalty. He had never, while acting as Bourbon ... 2 00 @ 4 00 B. O. hhd 00 00 @00 00 B. O. hhd 00 00 @00 00 postmaster, taken any of the required oaths N. E. Rum 3 00 @ 4 00 Timber, \$ M., of fealty to the Confederate States govern-ment. He went on to state how he con-Brandy... 4 00 @ 9 00 Mill, prme 8 50 @ 9 00 ment. He went on to state how he contrived to keep his "loilty" intact to the United States. The reason why he acted Wide do .10 00 @12 00 | Mill, prme 8 50 @ 9 00 | Mill, inferior to | in the capacity of postmaster under the Scantling 8 00 @10 00 TALLOW, B... 10 @ 11 Davis administration was because his life was threatened if he should refuse so to do!!! In regard to his not registering, he said that, on close examination of the oath, he found, in the words "those who had held offices or who had exercised the WILMINGTON MARKETS functions of an office," some reasons to doubt whether he could conscientiously take it. Upon stating his case to the Registrars, they told him he could take oath, but one of them advised him not to

By consent, Mr. Laslin introduced an Turpentine. -Since the close of our last review Mr. French, of Chowan, explained the ordinance "that in thirty days after the the market for this article has ruled steady, with benefits of the system of refuge houses (in approval, by the Congress of the United a fair demand for distilling purposes, and prices States, of this Constitution, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and all the The receipts have not been so heavy as those for remain the same as quoted on this day week .offices in the charitable institutions, railroads and other corporations, under the control of the State, shall be vacated by the present incumbents, and the places bbl. of 280 fbs,—with the usual deduction off for

Mr. Hare offered a resolution to the effect account of a committee having previously been appointed to take into consideration this subject.

important matters, the Convention adjourned until 71 this evening. Blessings of a Military Government, The Marion Crescent of last week publishes the following card:

To the people of Marion District . I am the wife of Edward C. Collins, and daughter of Colonel Levi Legette; I have seven small children and the eldest sickly; Monday......167 " " 67 " " " seven small children and the eldest sickly; After much debate Mr. Heaton withdrew my husband was my only means of support; been little or no activity in the market for either his substitute in favor of Welker, who offered the following substitute: "A house the 18th of August last, and is now immunity on the 18th of August last, and is now immunity on the 18th of August last, and is now immunity of the 18th of August last, and is now immunity or houses of refuge may also be established, prisoned in Castle Pinckney, Charleston the demand has been checked, and since then whenever the public interest shall require it, harbor. When in the Marion jail the offi- scarcely anything has been done. Parcels are for the correction and instruction of other classes of offenders."

cers refused to let his friends see him. He had bought Galivant's Ferry, and was further at present, and are holding off for lower classes of offenders."

He called the previous question, and the call was sustained.

The vote on his substitute was taken, and resulted in its adoption—yeas 51, nays 20.

Sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 were read and adopted.

My state of the Walley Absorbide and Service of My Service of

On motion of Mr. Welker, the article, as a whole was put on its passage, and the year older, and threatened with apoplexy.

My father is in the seventy-second year of his age; my father-in-law six or seven years older, and threatened with apoplexy.

My father has been sick more than a year.

My father has been sick more than a year.

Tan—Has been in fair enquiry for shipment dua whole was put on its passage, and the years older, and threatened with apoplexy. Years and nays being called, the article was adopted by a vote of yeas 65, nays 3.

On motion of Mr. Welker, the 3d reading of the article was made the special order for Wednesday next, 11 o'clock.

The House then adjourned until Monday next, 10 o'clock.

Morning SESSION.

My father has been sick more than a year. My father has been sick more than a year. My father has been sick more than a year. My father has been in fair enquiry for shipment during the week, and has ruted firm at previous quotation. The arrivals are 2,020 bbls., all of which found sale at \$2.30 % bbl.

Barrels The market is fairly supplied with about the demand continues unusually limited. We quote as follows: Second hand, \$2.25\circ \frac{2}{2} 30 as they run, and \$2.50\circ \frac{2}{2} 20 as they run, and \$2.50\circ \fra are almost without clothes—and if my hus-band is not released from prison or I re-hands is barely sufficient for present wants. band is not released from prison, or I receive assistance from friends, we must infinds ready sale at high figures. We quote on the evitably starve. I am ashamed to make hoof at prices ranging from 10 to 13 cents & 15. this appeal, but my children are heart- as in quality.

Corn Meal—There is a fair supply on market,

MARY COLLINS.

Compliment to General Hancock,

Opera House, where the whole house rose gards prices. During Friday and Saturday the the Registrars.

The special order for this hour—on Reclebrated duet, "Amour Sacre de la Paclebrated duet, "Amour Sacre de la Palief—was postponed until Wednesday next.

Mr. Hayes, of Robeson, presented a favorable report from the committee on Internal Improvements upon an ordinance ternal Improvements upon an ordinance concerning the North Western Bailroad. istering the affairs of this department, but generally holding at figures above their views.— Sign of the "Indian a love for the man. The endorsement of a The sales are only 123 bales at 20 cents for ordicommunity, so pointedly expressed, is, in nary, 22@22\frac{1}{2} cents for low middling, 22\frac{1}{2} cents for the citizens of Hyde county in relation to this republican country, ample recompense mixed grades, 221@231 cents for middling, and 23 the citizens of Hyde county in relation to this reputation to the denunciatory growls of a score of the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of a score of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory growls of tricky politicians or ambitious "men on the denunciatory g horseback."-New Orleans Times, 3d.

> HIGHWAY ROBBERY. - On Wednesday Wailey's Buckle Tie, 103 cents; Arrow Tie, 10 cts. night last, as Mr. John Taggert, Jr., was passing the road leading from the Rudasill Gold Mine to the Creek, he was knocked down by a negro man and robbed of all the money he had in his pocket. His skull is reported as fractured and the injury is serious. Mr. Taggert knows the negroe's name, and it is expected he will be arnight last, as Mr. John Taggert, Jr., was # 15. name, and it is expected he will be ar-costed Bone Phosphate, \$60@\$00; Snowden's Amoniated

his substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

If A substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

If A substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

If A substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

If A substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

If A substitute for the fourth and fifth sections.

Convention unanimously resolved to request Congress to make a liberal appropriate it be put on its 3d reading. Agreed to, and the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and moved that the report was read section by section, and the report was read section by section.

BEZSWAX, 15 33 @ 35 || LIME, # bbl.0 00 @ 0 00 BARRELS, Sp'ts T., each. Sugar house.42 @ 2nd hand..2 25 @ 3 25 do bbls..00 @ 75 Syrup, bbls. 60 @ 1 00 NAVAL STOBES,
20 Turpentine \$280 fbs.
Virgin....0 00 @ 3 35
Yellow dip.0 00 @ 3 25 Hard.....0 00 @ 2 25 Tar, # bbl.0 00 @ 2 30 30 Tar, in ordro 00 @ 2 40 25 Pitch, City 2 75 @ 3 00 Spirits Turpentine, # gal.....00 @ 67 NALS, # b., Cut.....6 00 @ 7 00

POTATOES, Sweet, bush 1 25 @ 1 30 Irish, % bbl5 00 @ 6 00 PROVISIONS, & fb., N. C. Bacon. No. 1. . . 20 00 @21 00 No. 2. . . 16 00 @18 00 No. 3. . 15 00 @16 00 Mullets . . 8 00 @ 9 00 Mullets . . 8 00 @ 9 00 Western Bacon. by vote, to inquire whether the signature of the presiding officer, who is not a regis-

Oils, % gallon, Sperm....0 00 @ 3 00 Linseed...1 40 @ 1 50

Machinery.1 75 @ 2 00

Family...12 50 @17 00 Butter, N. C. 30 @ Superfine.10 00 @11 00 do North'rn 45 @ Mr. Tourgee moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution.

After a long debate it was adopted.

The Convention then proceeded to elect members of the committee, and Messrs.

The Convention then proceeded to elect members of the committee, and Messrs. members of the committee, and Messrs. Guano, Peruvian, Rodman, Heaton and Poole were selected. Per ton. 90 00 @ 92 50 Alum, bush.0 50 @ 60

COTTON BAGGING

REVIEW

WEEK ENDING THURSDAY.

for virgin and yellow dip, and \$2 25 for hard, \$3 dry virgin. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- At the time of closing that the Convention should adjourn sine die our review on Thursday last the market ruled on the 16th inst. Ruled out of order, on offered. On Friday the market opened at this figure, but during the day advanced and 67@67 cents was obtained—the sales being limited in consequence of the small stock offering. On Saturday there was nothing done, the market After some minutes being spent in unruling quiet for the day. On Monday sales were effected at 67 cents, but since then has ruled unusually quiet under the adverse news from other markets, and no transactions have taken place. The market is in an unsettled condition, and it is almost impossible to give a correct quota-

tation; factors holding at 64@65 cents, and buyers

Eegs-Are being brought to market rather Windsor, The compliment paid to Major General dozon by the quantity.

The compliment paid to Major General dozon by the quantity.

Corron—The market during the week just Hancock last Saturday evening, at the closed has ruled without material change as re

> store at the following figures : Beard's Lock Tie. 101@11 cents; Didon's Universal Tie, 101@11 cts.; filled with dispatch.

We learn that two negroes were seen following Mr. Taggert when he was in town, Robert West Ray Bone Phosphate, \$65; Zell's Raw Bone Phosphate, \$65; Rhodes' Standard Manure, \$65@\$70; Woolston's appropriation, save for the first division of before night. The authorities ought to Phosphate of Lune, \$65; Whitelock's Cerealizer. watch and arrest the suspicious characters who lounge about the streets and will not work.

This is the first occurrence of the kind

This is the first occurrence of the kind

This is the first occurrence of the kind of the first occurrence of the kind of the first occurrence of the kind occurrence occurrence of the kind occurrence occurrence of the kind occurrence occurr The yeas and nays being called restricted in its adoption by a strict party vote of passed its 2d reading.

It was accordingly read and declared to have passed its 2d reading.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the report of the Committee on Finance was taken up. The sales have been confined in this immediate section. It may be that to small lots from store at prices ranging within the thieves and plugs from the Eastern part of the State are commencing their operations about here. They deserve swift than reported in our last, and has ruled rather dull for the week, prices being a shade lower. The arrifor the week, prices being a shade lower. The arri-THE AIR LINE RAILROAD.—The Georgia

vals comprise about 16,000 bushels, of which one cargo of 1,763 bushels (from Hyde county) sold at \$1 31 \$2 56 lbs., and balance came to dealers.

note a brisk demand. A lot of 439 bushels sold from vessel on Friday at \$1 50. We quote small sales during the week at \$1 50@\$1 60 for cow, and \$2 25 \$\overline{g}\$ bushel for white. _____ Rice.__ Clean is in moderate request for retailing purposes, and there is only a light supply on market. Carolina sells by the cask at \$11\$@\$12 cents \$\overline{g}\$ the May_Is in full supply, and market dull. Only about 300 bales Northern received for the week, of which \$0 do, sold from wherf at \$1 20 100 Bg. and

which 80 do. sold from wharf at \$1 \$\varphi\$ 100 Bs., and the balance has gone into store. LIME—Only a retail enquiry, and market moderately supplied. Sells at \$1 85@\$1 90 \$\mathbb{P}\$ cask.

LUMBER—Market inactive, and no sales of consequence reported. We give the following as car-

Pine Steam Sawed Lumber-Cargo rates-per

1,000 feet. Ordinary assortment Cuba cargoes, \$17 00 @ 18 00 Molasses-Is in fair stock, and only a small business doing. The cargo of Cuba reported in our last as received, has been selling from wharf at 45@46 cents in hhds., and 48 cents \$\mathbb{G}\$ gallon in

PEA NUTS—Are being brought to market rather slowly, and are in brisk demand for shipment.—
The sales for the week have been at the following quotations: inferior \$2 25 to \$2 35, ordinary, \$2 40 @\$2 55, prime \$2 65@\$2 70, and extra [quality

\$2 70@\$2 75 \$\text{@} bushel.

Potators.—Irish are only in light stock, and there has been a moderate enquiry, with small sales from store at \$5 50@\$6 \$\text{@} bbl. Sweet coninue scarce, and sell by the quantity at \$1 25@ \$1 30 % bushel.

keys \$1 25@\$1 75 each; dressed do, 221@25 cents Provisions.—For N. C. cured Bacon the market has ruled quiet during the week, and nothing of consequence has transpired in the way of sales. The stock on market is quite small, but there is The stock on market is quite small, but there is little or no demand, and sales are difficult to make. We quote at 17 cents for hog round, 16 cents for shoulders, and 18@20 cents & fb. for hams. Western cured is in moderate supply, and demand also light. We quote from store at 13@15 cents for shoulders, and 16@17 cents & fb. for sides, as in quantity.——Lard.—For North Carolina there is some enquiry for retailing purposes, and none on market. We quote at 18 cents. Northern is in moderate supply, and sells poses, and none on market. We quote at 18 cents. Northern is in moderate supply, and sells from store at 15@17 cents # 15., as in quantity and quality.——Pork—Is in moderate enquiry, and the supply of Northern is very light. Selling from store at \$26 50@\$27 for old, and \$27@\$27 50 for page 15.

SALT—Supply fully adequate for the demand.—Selling in the small way from store at \$2 20@\$2 25 % sack for Liverpool ground. Shingles—There is some little demand at present, but the market generally rules quite dull.—
We quote at \$2 50@\$3 for Common, and \$4@\$4 75

M. for Contract. TIMBER—Rules without material change. There has been a moderate demand for mill purposes, and the sales comprise some 36@35 rafts at prices ranging within classified figures in table.

Wood—Is rather scarce at present, but the market when drill call the ket rules dull. Sells by the boat load at \$2 75@ \$3 for pine and ash, and \$3@\$3 50 \$2 cord for oak

Crude Turpentine per bbl. \$0 00 @ \$0 70 \$ 00 @ \$ 65 Flaxseed,.....per bush. To PHILADELPHIA.
Crude Turpentine per bbl. 0 00 @ | Crude Turpentine per bbl. | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | 0 00 @ 65 | Crude Turpentine per bbl. 00 0 @ 0 50 0 00 @ The receipts have not been so heavy as those for the previous two weeks, reaching 3,619 bbls., all of which found ready sale upon arrival at \$3 35 for virgin and vellow dip. and \$2 25 for hard.

> List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 12, 1868. STEAMSHIP

Rebecca Clyde, Nelson, ldg New York, H M Barry. BARQUE (Br) Dunkeld, Sargeant, wtg, Willard Bros. BRIGS Worth & Daniel. Strout, Strout, wtg,

Greenland, Coltzen, wtg,
Magnolia, Rockwell, wtg,
Rebecca C Lane, Lane, ldg New York,
Vick, Mebane & Co.
F W Kerchner. Susan, Packard, ldg Balto, John, Fields, ldg New York, E Murray & Co.

J M Richards, Irwing, ldg New York,
Williams & Murchison. WILMINGTON MONEY MARKET. CORRECTED BY JAMES DAWSON. Buying.

 Silver.
 1,30

 U. S. 7-30's
 1.04

 Exchange on Northern Cities.
 3/4 dis't

 Coupons of N. C. old sixes.
 40

 Do. Ex Coupons,..... 50

Yanceyville..... Bishop Atkinson's Appointments. Kinston, Beaufort, Good Friday..... New Berne, Easter Day
Pugh's Chapel, Pitt county.
Trinity Church, Beaufort county.... Zion Church, " "
Washington, " Zion Church, Plymouth. Hertford, Perquimans county . . and only a retail demand exists. We quote from the mil s at \$1 60@\$1 65 \$\mathcal{B}\$ bushel, in lots to suit. Edenton,

> Oldest Tobacco House in Wilmington. HENRY BURKHEIMER.

Dealer in TOBACCO. SNUFF and CIGARS, Street. Cigars manufactured

Woodville.

Merchants'.....50

to order. All orders nov. 5 STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. NEW HANOVER COUNTY. Court of Equity, to Spring Term, 1868.

James W. Russ.

T APPEARING UPON AFFIDAVIT, that
John L. McMillan, one of the defendants in
the above entitled suit, so absconds or conceals himself that the ordinary process be served upon him, he is hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the county of New Hanover, at the Court House in Wilmington, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1868, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said

FREDERICK D. POISSON, Clerk and Master

JOURNAL OFFICE.

Patrick Murphy, John L. McMillan and Original Bill.

TOR BALE AT THE

\$1 30 gr bushes.

Poultray.—The market is poorly supplied, and demand moderate. We quote as follows: Live fowls, 35@40 cents; dressed do. 37½@40 cents; live tur-

for new city mess. Fresh is brought in sparingly, and sells from carts at 121/2014 cents 10 fb.

Rates of Freight.

S P Brown, Whaley, wtg,

Do. New Bonds, BANK NOTES. Cape Fear,.....26 Bank of N. C.,...50 Lexington Farmers' Bank 24 Wilmington,.....25

Wadesboro'.....22

WHOLESALE

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1868.

Education-Social Equality, We have frequently referred to the fac that the Radicals in the Constitutional Convention, so-called, while studiously avoiding any direct enactment acknowledging social equality between the races, as studiously avoid any record denying such a condition. We could hardly expect men who have no social connections themselves more genteel or worthy than the negroes, or others who have prostituted themselves to that level in hopes of remuneration, to give any vote which might alienate the "newly enfranchised" from their support, for upon the negro vote rest all their chances for temporary success, although it brings with it everlasting disgrace.

The Spartan band of Conservatives in the Convention, so-called, have nobly endeavored to engraft some one feature on the Constitution denying, in express terms, the social equality of the races, and while some of the more thin-skinned kind of the is intended or desired, and others invariably leave their seats to dodge the issue yet all efforts have thus far proved futile, and the terrible fact of social equality, in all public institutions of learning, of religion, of recreation, of travel. will be established if the Constitution i adopted and the Radical ticket elected.

On Monday night the Report of the Committee on Corporations other than Municipal, was under consideration and adopted. During the discussion Mr. Dur HAM offered the following amendment: "Provided, That institutions of learning, i

which blacks and whites are educated promis-cuously, shall not be incorporated under general

The proposer made a fruitless effort to have the ayes and nays called, and the amendment was voted down. Thus we go. One barrier after another falls before the advancing column of Radicalism. All the public schools are to be thrown open promiseuously to white and black. The poor men, whose labors support these schools, and who are unable to educate their children at costly private academies and colleges. must send them to associate in the recitation room and on the play-ground on terms of perfect equality with the negro children, or deprive them of education. Can white their families? We will not, we cannot, beas abhorrent as such an association must be, if the purposes of the Radicals are carried out, if the Constitution which they will propose for our consideration is adopted, children at other than the public schools

compasses, it must be this forced association of every social and moral institution of the most appalling nature. We appeal

Public Education .. Negro Equality. There is no subject which the so-called Convention has had under consideration tion. From time to time we have published the various failures of the Conservaupon the fundamental law of the State establishing a distinction between the races in the public schools, but thus far every resolution merely denying any intention to establish entire equality in the public schools and University has been promptly and decisively voted down.

But these men have gone farther than this. They propose to empower the Legislature to pass a law to compel all the children of the State, white and black together, of sufficient mental and physical ability, to attend the public schools for a term of sixteen months, between the ages of five and eighteen years, unless educated by other means. So utterly abhorrent is this proposition, and tyrannical is this forced negro equality upon our poorer classes, that to impress upon them the awful reality of this outrage, we give the report of the committee on Education, written, we suppose, and submitted by that miserable Massachusetts adventurer, Ashley, who hopes to have control of the public education of the State, and signed by ten others, blacks and whites, six of whom are Northern importations and two of whom are negroes. The important portions of this report are as follows, and we direct special attention to

SECTION 2. The General Assembly, at its first session under the Constitution, shall provide for a general and uniform system of public schools wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all th children of the State between the ages of five and twenty-one years; in case of failure on the part of the General Assembly to make the provide aforesaid, the system reported to it by the State visions of this Constitution, and shall be subject to such alteration and amendment, conformable to this Constitution, as the General Assembly may from time to time enact.

SEC. 5. The General Assembly shall make such

provisions, by taxation or otherwise, as will secure a thorough and efficient system of public chools throughout the State.

SEC. 6. The University of North Carolina, with

separable connection with the free public schoo system of the State. SEC. 7. The General Assembly shall provide that

the benefits of the University as far as practica-ble, be extended to the youth of the State free of expense for tuition; also, that all the proper which has heretofore accrued, or shall hereafter accrue, from escheats to the State, shall be appropriated to the use and benefit of the University

Education, which is to be composed of the State Executive officers, shall appoint the Trustees of the University.

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL and endowments heretofore granted to, or consity of North Carolina by the Charter of 1789, or by any subsequent legislation, are hereby vested in the Board of Trustees, authorized by this Contitution, for the perpetual benefit of the Univer-

SEC. 17. As soon as practicable after the adoption of this Constitution, the General Assembly nance of an Agricultural College, and one or more normal Schools, for training young persons of outtable qualifications, to be teachers in the Pubc Schools of the State. SEC. 18. The General Assembly is hereby em-

powered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the Pub-lic Schools during the period between the ages of five and eighteen years, for a term of not less than sixteen months, unless educated by other

To those of our people who excuse their uke-warmness in the present contest by a determination to eschew politics, we call their attention to this diabolical scheme to force negro social equality upon the poorer classes of our people. If these men can adopt their Constitution and elect their Legislature, the property of white men and their labor will be taxed to support this infernal scheme. The public schools and the University will be thrown open alike for negroes and whites. Nay, more: Those unable to provide for the private education of their children, will be compelled to send them to these schools at least sixteen months. Was Radicals insinuate that nothing of the sort there ever such an hienous outrage sought to be perpetrated upon the decency of society and the liberties of the people before? To tax the laborious whites to educate the negro children ought to satisfy these demons, but to compel the poor white people, unable to educate their children at private vpense, to send them to schools with negro children, is requiring of them more than human nature can stand.

Again we appeal to the people of North Carolina to look these things square in the ace Make no attempt to disguise their hideousness, or think to avoid their evil consequences by inaction or cowardice. We cannot escape them if we would; we should not if we could. Nor let us depend too much upon others to defeat the wicked purposes of the Radicals. Let us do all in our power to thwart them at nome, and then we can look for aid elsewhere with a better grace and with a fairer

North Carolina Railroad Freights. To correct misapprehensions made by recent publications, we refer again to this

The only alteration made of late is, the Raleigh and Gaston Road is required to pay to the North Carolina Road such sum men vote for the Constitution and a party as they would make net if their freights which forces negro equality upon them and were to pass Goldsboro'. If the freights receive no special direction they pass over lieve it. Yet, as horrible as is the reality, the Wilmington and Weldon Road as here-

In a former fiscal year the Raleigh and Gaston Road received seventy-eight thousand dollars from its North Carolina Road it is not only probable, but certain. Those business. If that business, the present of the people of Onslow to the fact that stances cannot keep their year, should amount to that sum going by Goldsboro,' it would add thirty-one thoumust submit to the terrible alternative of sand dollars to the receipts of the North negro association, or their offspring must Carolina and forty-seven thousand dollars to never looked upon Capt. E. as such. Mr. the Wilmington and Weldon Road. If If there can be one thing more than divided according to the State's interest, it another which must arouse our people to would give forty thousand dollars to the the terrible dangers which this canvass en- State, of which seventeen thousand dollars would belong to the school fund-all of tion with negroes. Its incorporation upon which would be lost to the people if the our fundamental law will sap the founda- business went by the Raleigh and Gaston Road. But suppose they pay the North in the State, and must lead to consequences | Carolina Road the same as if the freights went to Goldsboro'-even then seventeen to the white men of North Carolina to vote thousand dollars would be taken from the down these iniquities. They will, they school fund and given to the stockholders of a private corporation that has received vention, that Capt. E. excused himself for more favors than any other in the State.

The Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad, at their last annual meeting, took in which the real purposes of the Radicals a wise and just view of the subject, and have been shown as that of public educa- ordered the freights by Goldsboro'. Although the distance is greater, we are informed that, in consequence of the easy would not intentionally do Capt. E. injusgrades and curves, transportation can be done at less cost and in equal time. The shipper pays the same either way.

> clamoring for all this business, although it could only be given to them at a public loss. They say they paid for half of the stock in North Carolina State bonds, and are consequently entitled to stand on the same footing as the school fund or any

Let us see what the facts are: Whether the State subscribed to the original construction of the road we do not know, but the Legislature of 1838-'39 let them have five hundred thousand dollars, secured by without the slightest difficulty if they can mortgage; afterwards the State let them have three hundred thousand dollars additional-the Stockholders giving their in dividual bond of indemnity in the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to save the State. The road failed to meet both, and if many voters of the other party, especialwas sold to pay the principal and interest. amounting from nine hundred thousand to where Mr. Hall is so well and so favorably one million dollars. The State became the known, did not find it more acceptable purchaser, and proposed to reorganize the than the Radical ticket, which I find in road with a capital of eight hundred thousand dollars, which was the principal paid, with the loss of several years interest. The Legislature proposed to give the Stockholders one-half if they would advance I think I may safely say that there is not a four hundred thousand dollars, which was decent man, white or black, anywhere, in about the amount they owed, and give or out of the State, who does not feel the but will give you my impressions :-First, them a release of their obligation, that is, most thorough contempt for the Charlatan then, all Brazilians are fond of the city and to such as would make up the sum owed, Holden. And here let me observe that flock to the cities; those that are educated, they would give them the full value in Mr. Johnson deserved the treatment he Superintendent of Public Instruction shall bestock in a road with a capital stock of about
received at the hands of this renegade
others seek employment as accountants,
two-fifths of its cost. Those who had no
two-fifths of its cost. Those who had no present. Finding the capital too small to the people of North Carolina as Governor, start in business on their own account. represent the profits, they "watered the against their several times expressed tonishingly low—a book-keeper of years stock," if our memory serves us, and called | wishes. the eight hundred thousand dollars one million two hundred thousand dollars, isits lands, endowments and franchises, is the property of the State, and shall be held to be an in-

with the exception of the Wilmington and claims as honor, gratitude, friendship, con-Section 14 provides that the Board of road stocks, but in practice it only applied sibilities, to prevent his looking out for -practising all sorts of deception, prevarica- chin in August of 1866, and consequently to the Raleigh and Gaston Road, that was out of debt and ready to make a dividend. Some holding to 3, and some to 7; but with the Raleigh and Gaston Road, that was out of debt and ready to make a dividend. Some holding to 3, and some to 7; but with the surface of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, that was out of debt and ready to make a dividend. Some holding to 3, and some to 7; but with the surface of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, that was out of debt and ready to make a dividend. Some holding to 3, and some to 7; but with the surface of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, that was out of debt and ready to make a dividend. The swapping bill created a great deal of dissatisfaction at the time, and was soon following his interest he has been led into the decision that the decisi

he has been

changeable religionist, of whom Jim -

used to tell a story something like this:-

"You see, gentlemen," Jim would say, "I

and they are going to turn him out, and

now he's coming to me, and I don't want him!"

They treated it as a grand farce.

dently convicted the President already.

How this matter is to end God only

knows, but on Monday morning Thad

Stevens told a gentleman that "impeach-

ment was dead." Since that time, how-

Conservative masses of the North.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, Jan. 11, 1868.

I have arrived at the conclusion, from ob-

government desires to secure a white labor-

ing people to take its place, and conse-

quently it is those who are willing and able

to cut down the forest, build their houses,

plant the various crops, &c., &c.; in a word,

tion of the South that are wanted, invited,

get into good positions without money-

standing, getting from thirty to fifty dol-

There are not, as yet, a sufficient num-

ber of Americans here to justify an Ameri-

can to rely on that trade exclusively for a

plished-refined in manners and conversa-

the shovel and de hoe.'

servation and experience, that the cli-

SI Top.

Yours.

with interest:

have."

ing" by a stock dividend. The case stands thus: These stockholders about one-half of its value, as subsequent events have shown; then they were allowed ces may be better. Helas, paurre X. P. G.! ready to pay dividends, and pay in suspended bonds, which were worth about three hundred and sixty thousand dollars, being the amount the State has received for her vast outlay in this road. With all these acts of liberality they insist on appropriating State revenues in such a man- I heard an awful groaning which seemed per as actually confiscates a part of the school to come from under the Church steps. I that wofully, abjectly, and I sometimes

We think the State ought to husband her for the groaning was dreadful to listen to. resources to begin, at an early day, to re- I asked who it was under there in such establish her common schools and educate distress, and the answer came in the poor. We say it is a bold politician sepulchral voice, 'It's me, the Devil;' of the smoke into the smother.' nues to give to the stockholders of the only matter with you." "Oh," replied his macondition of things brought about by the an Episcopal Methodist, and they turned for success. State purchasing the property, paying the him out; he then became a Protestant debts and virtually giving one-half as a Methodist, and they turned him out ; then be too greedy-they have had their share. would'nt have him; he joined the Baptists.

The March number of THE LAND WE And so it will doubtless be with Holden Love contains seventeen articles, from able after your next election, and there remains writers, representing eight Southern States. but one power for him to give in his adhe-Among the poetic contributors in this number are Mrs. Margaret J. Preston, "want's him." Dr. F. O. Ticknor, Judge A. J. Requier, and J. Augustine Signaigo. Among the ness the commencement of the fifth act of prose writers are, Rev. Dr. Dabney, Miss Porter, Gen. Hodge, Hon. H. W. Ravenel, Chief Justice appeared at the door of the T. C. DeLeon, Esq., &c. Soldiers will feel Chamber, in his robes, and attended by the an interest in the two military articles in this number; the lovers of fiction in the two thrilling stories; agriculturalists in the article on Japan Clover; literary men in could be likened to nothing better than the article on Mr. Dickens' Readings, and that of a village bar-room on court days.the whole country in the account of the burning of Columbia.

From the following announcement it will God, and is pastor of a Baptist church here. be seen that General Hill has purchased He pointedly and purposely omitted the the entire interest in this Magazine:

"The undersigned has purchased the interes of Jas. P. Irwin and Capt. J. G. Morrison, and has become sole proprietor of this Magazine. Ho trusts that his old army friends will rally to the support, that all the Confederate soldiers, who the truth of Southern history to be vindicated, will see the necessity of supporting the only magazine devoted to that object, and that the noble men of the North, who have sympathized with us in our sufferings, under the wrongs and outrages of the Jacobin party, will continue that patronage, which is all the more gratifying because of the source from which it comes D. H. HILL.

Charlotte, N. C., March, 1868.

For the Journal. Capt. Etheridge, of Onslow.

ONSLOW COUNTY, N. C., Feb. 11th, 1868. Messrs. Editors :- We notice in your January, that you wish to call the attention Capt. Etheridge, from Onslow, who is now in the Military Convention of North Carolina, is not a Conservative. Our people F. Thompson was the Conservative candidate for Onslow. Your correspondent "H." writing from Jacksonville, was mistaken in Capt. Etheridge's politics, as he was regarded by our people, all over the county, as a Radical, and it is well known that he was voted for and elected to defeat David W. Scott, taking Capt. E. as the least of two evils, and not from the fact that he was a Conservative. We have no doubt that we all do our old friend injustice, for we were creditably informed yesterday by a delegate just from the Conservative Con- ple to come here, or "bear those ills they some of his bad votes upon the ground that he is deaf and could not hear correctly what was going on. Now, if this is correct, we suppose our old friend is follow ing color or perhaps goes by the smell, and keeps up with the strong party in the Mili tary Convention. If this is true, it is easy to account for his voting as he does. We tice, but as he does excuse himself upon the plea of deafness, it is self-evident that he follows color (black) or goes by scent. In either case, he leaves himself in a situa-

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1868. MESSRS. EDITORS:-I am indebted to the courtesy of a friend at Wilmington, for a copy of your paper of the 29th ult., containing the names presented by the Conservative party for the various State offices created by the Convention, and it seems to me that they have done the work well and presented a ticket that can be elected get the voters out. Z. B. Vance and E. D. Hall are, either of them, a tower of strength, and combined, are invincible. The white men of the State will support the ticket to a man, and it would be surprising indeed ly in New Hanover and adjoining counties,

the same paper. There isn't a decent man in the State who does not respect and admire the fearless and independent spirit of Vance, and but the fate of the mass is-" take down

The President knew, or could easily have lars per month. learned, that Holden had never been true to any individual or party, only so long as interest prompted. That when he conceiv- support, and if there was, there are, per-The Legislature, since the war, passed a ed it to be to Holden's advantage to turn haps, one hundred waiting with their mouths bill ostensibly applying to all the roads his coat, he suffered no such insignificant open. Weldon and the Wilmington and Man- sistency, or any other of those feelings chester, to exchange State bonds for rail- that usually influence men of delicate sen- tion, but in dealing, altogether unreliable

dend and that would bear further "water- "Carpet-bag," &c. party; and when grand processions over streets carpeted again rejected, as with green leaves, passing under arches of he has been again rejected, as he most assuredly will be, at the next flowers of rarest beauty. The religion, you owed the State; they were released and al- election, and as he has been three or four are aware, is Roman Catholic, though by lowed to come in and take the stock at times before, you will find him casting the constitution all creeds are tolerated. A about for some other party where his chanresidence of two years entitles one to the
rights of citizenship. A foreigner naturalized, "may exercise every public function, to buy the State's interest when they were I very much fear he may find himself, after with the exception of Deputy to the Genall his search, in the condition of a certain eral Assembly, Minister of State, and Regent of the Empire.'

The Emperor "Don Pedro Segundo," is reputed to be a good man, but not a great in that body, but which the House reman. It is also stated that in the adminfused to receive, or even allow to be was going home from 'down street,' and istration of the affairs of State, there is

vite you with many other dear friends in

this, as an asylum of escape from the suf-

much corruption. when I was passing the old Baptist Church I would be glad that I could cordially in-

went over to ascertain what was the matter, think, God-forsaken country, to come to

ferings of the present, and the threatening horrors of the future; but as yet I am unable to so advise-it might be "out that will urge the taking of public reve- and I said, "the devil it is-what is the I know of no business here, except plant ing, that I think an American can pursue with a prospect of success. To one having railroad in the State that owes no debt—a jesty, "you know ——; well, he has been money, the opening in my opinion is fair An improved Fazenda (plantation) with

stock of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, mules, implements of labor, and household and and abuses which the wantonness of power LS Trimble, present. We advise our neighbors not to he went to the Presbyterians, and they kitchen furniture, with slaves, can be is but too often apt to suggest to large and bought for from five hundred to one thousand dollars per slave—the whole Fazenda this entire Congress, in violation of their complete thrown in - by paying one-half or true spirit and intent, wantonly and unpre- John A Nicholso one-third, perhaps one-quarter cash, bal- cedentedly suspended and set aside, not Jas M Cavanaugh ance one, two, three, four and perhaps upon a particular and pressing matter, but more years. Some cash is indispensablesion to, and he has behaved so badly for to furnish supplies until returns can be had sion of the rules, and the wanton then there must be a sufficiency of money from the labor employed.

All the tropical fruits abound-oranges, I went down to the Senate to-day to wit pine apples, bananas, lemons and many disregarded, the House of Representatives other fine fruits-many birds of large size the National drama being performed there. and gay plumage. Many animals in the the minority have been compelled to vote The scene was quite impressive when the forests, but so dense are the forests that upon the most important questions without there is very little sport in hunting. Fish any proper or reasonable time for debate in abundance, though I think not so rich, or consideration. To such an extent has Senate committee, and contrasted very fanor so well flavored-oysters of an inferior this dangerous and oppressive practice obvorably with the manner in which this grave quality. The houses here are all covered tained, that measures affecting vitally the subject was treated in the House of Reprewith tile-the houses of the poor (among sentatives. The noise and confusion then whom I include most Americans) covered, or rather thatched with straw, or the leaves the subversion of our republican form of ticks, redbugs, snakes, frogs, lizzards, alli- ing of the people's representatives the most I was much struck with the prayer of the gators, &c .- but nowhere that I have been careful examination and serutiny, have Chaplain, who claims to be a minister of chiger or bisho (pronounced biecho) that word of debate, or one moment's considera-President in his prayer, beginning with an settles in the skin, and if not removed, de- tion; without, indeed, the opportunity of then turned to Mr. Drake, but that worthy invocation of blessings upon "the members of the Cabinet." The Chaplain has evi-

easily removed and seldom makes a sore. Your friend and relation, D. C. MACINTYRE.

STATE NEWS.

ever, Stevens has had an additional article DIFFICULTY IN LUMBERTON. - We regret affixed to the indictment, and it may be to learn that an unfortunate affair took that the Senate may sacrifice right and the President to consistency. We shall see.
I saw a letter from Herschell V. Johnrow and fight between whites and negroes, son, of Georgia, this morning. He takes in which several were badly beaten and one a very gloomy view of affairs at the South. man was stabbed and nearly killed. The He says: "We are on a down grade and whole disturbance grew out of a trifling the brakes are gone or disabled, and disas- difference around a wagon, and no commencement in any political quarrel, as was ter seems inevitable" unless averted by the at first reported here. We learn that the name of the wounded man is Graham, The times are gloomy indeed, but I can't valuable and very able paper of the 31st help hoping for a better day while I be- (white); he was stabbed in the back by a lieve there is a just God ruling above us. negro woman, and it is supposed that the wound is mortal. - Fayetteville News.

> The following letter from a highly re- ment by the magistrates of Cumberland House for its action. And then was exspectable gentleman, now in Brazil, written county of William Warden to succeed Jesse hibited one of the most extraordinary T. Warden as Clerk of the County Court, spectacles ever witnessed in a deliberative o a relative of his in this city, will be read has been confirmed by Gen. Canby, and parliamentary body. Members were althat Mr. Warden enters regularly upon his lowed, some thirty, some twenty, some ten,

duties at this term. - Fayetteville News. I received your letter on board WHITE MEN'S MEETING IN RALEIGH. -In he steamer on our way to this counry. I have not forgotten your request, of the city, one of the largest and most en- of the majority. And more than half of out not being able to write intelligently of thusiastic public meetings ever assembled those even of the party voting to enforce the in this city, was held in the Court House want of knowledge of the Portuguese lanthe nominations made by the State Execuguage) I was and still am unable to comfor Governor and other State officers. municate freely with the people and thereby learn whether it is better for our peo-

Chairman, and Capt. Jno. C. Gorman, Sec-

Committee were endorsed by resolution in session upon the further proceedings to unanimously. Eloquent and stirring remove the President, and in anticipation mate here is fine and the country in most speeches were made by Major Gales, Col. of its action, under the operation of the places that I have visited healthy, having Russ, Messrs. Charles and Quentin Busbee, previous question without debate, in vioan abundance of sweet water. As to the J. J. Ferrell, R. C. Badger and M. A. Bledsoe, which were warmly applauded. productiveness of the land, that is very va-

rious—some very rich and of all grades to large portion of our most respectable and ous notice, the standing rules of the House, The meeting, composed as it was, of a very poor. Here may be said to be "per- influential fellow-citizens, exhibited the were adopted to further limit debate and petual Spring" so far as vegetation is con- fact that our people were a unit in oppocerned, as plants, trees and crops grow the sition to the negro party, and the enthusi- the power and at the mercy of the maasm manifested, and the deep feeling jority. The Raleigh and Gaston Company are clamoring for all this business, although it tion not to be envied, but we hope for bet-business are lamoring for all this business, although it ter things from him in future.

Year round, but there are seasons of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter, even here.

Year round, but there are seasons of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter, even here. Crops planted from September to Decem- tion, in order to avert the degradation and ments—the executive and judicial—en-OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE. ber do better than at any other time. We infamy threatening the State under negro and scalawag rule.

are now in the midst of Summer, and the mornings are usually hot, but the evenings defeat of the Negro party, a White Man's resentatives are steadily and surely being pleasant, the thermometer rarely rising Club was organized by the election of stripped of all power, and their constitu-Capt. John C. Gorman as President, Capt. This government is desirous of securing

J. Q. A. DeCarteret, Vice-President, voice in the councils of the Republic.

Messrs. J. J. McGuire and A. D. Royster, We do, therefore, most solemnly proimmigration for the reason that slavery Secretaries, and Mr. John C. Palmer, Treasurer. The white men of the city are here is doomed sooner or later, and the earnestly invited to co-operate.

To your tents, O! Israel!

Raleigh Carolinian. AFRAID.—We understand that the X. P. G. has a list of appointments, extending from the 10th inst. to some time in April to perform the manual (and I might say For fear of consequences, he is to carry the menial) labor now performed by the quite a body-guard, headed by Capt. Settle. with him, and his appointments are called slaves. It is therefore the laboring popula-"Republican" mass meetings, in order to preclude the possibility of the brave man, assisted to come-" per consequencia," all who is afraid of no man on earth," being our people who come here without money met on the hustings! Again we dare him and expect to secure labor on credit, in to meet Zeb. Vance on the stump ; and we again repeat he would sooner thrust his partnership, or as managers, or overseers. 'precious" head into a lion's mouth ! will be disappointed. A few Americans have Raleigh Sentinel.

already by accident, and a few more may DEATH OF ONE OF OUR PROMINENT CITIzens.-It is our painful duty to announce that Dr. Wm. H. Glass, one of our practicing physicians, died at his residence in this As to business in this city, or of any of the cities, I am not so well able to speak, place, on Monday morning, about four o'clock, from congestion of the brain. His illness was very brief, and his death took many of our citizens by surprise. He had and many of them are, enter the profesnot been in very good health for some months previous, but he nevertheless continued to attend regularly to his business. money were unable to get any of this rich President, strength) for foisting him on hundred milries, (a milrie is fifty cents) with symptoms of cramp colic and shortly to the point of universal bankruptcy and after became insensible and remained in ruin. The salaries paid, I am informed, are asthat condition until he died.

Dr. Glass was about fifty-one years of age. He was born in Caswell county, in this State, and settled in this place in 1838, and a year after married a daughter of Vincent Parsons, of this county, who survives him. He enjoyed a large practice from the time he came here until his death. He leaves no children.-Wadesboro' Argus. THE TAYLOR AND KNIGHT MURDER CASE.

-The Supreme Court have affirmed the Judgment obtained against these men at Fall Term, for the murder of John A. Cut-

DEMOCRATIC PROTEST

AGAINST THE ARBITRARY RULE OF THE

RADICAL MAJORITY IN CONGRESS. The annexed is the protest of the Demo ratic members of the House of Representatives offered Monday after the articles of

The undersigned, members of the Fortieth Congress of the United States, representing directly, or in principle, more the House.
than one-half of the whole people of the Chas A Eldridge, United States, do hereby, in the name of law and order, and in behalf of those they WE Niblack, represent, most solemnly protest against the | W S Holman, tyranny and injustice practiced by the ma- Demas Barnes, ority of the House in violating the sacred right of free debate and unconstrained deiberation upon the greatest questions ever brought before an American Congress.

The rules of the House, made for the protection of minorities, and "by a strict adherence to which the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities successful majorities," have been, during T Lawrence Jones upon all pending subjects of legislation, so that, by the reckless and arbitrary suspenabuse of the previous question, the rights of the minority have been utterly has ceased to be a deliberative body, and whole country and the direct interests of at Mr. McCreery, who is a hard looking. our constituents, tending, as we believe, to of the palm, and floors of clay. Fleas, government, in their very nature demand are they more plentiful than in the States been hurried through the forms of legisla--house flies not near so numerous—the tion without being printed, without one posits eggs and makes bad sores, but is the undersigned to protest, except in vio- could give him no comfort. During all lation of the then operating rule enforced this time no attention was paid by the by the majority as the "order of the

These alarming abuses of power might not seem to demand this formal protest if we were not forced to the belief that a determination exists with the majority to revoluntionize this Government by destroying the other co-ordinate branches and vesting all the power of the Government in Congress. In the steps taking to depose the President of the United States we are oppressive measures to cripple the power and silence the voice of the minority. The resolution was pushed through the

House under the operation of the previous question, referring the matter to the committee on Reconstruction; the committee, in hot haste, sitting when the House was in session, in violation of one of its express dent, the interest which encircled the pro-County Court Clerk.—We are glad to rules, considered and by a strict party vote ceedings may easily be imagined. some five, some one minute only, to discuss the most momentous questions ever presented in Congress. response to the call made through the press even one minute, under the arbitrary rule previous question who desired to be heard last evening, for the purpose of ratifying were permitted speeches only in the Globe. after the question upon the resolution was tive Committee of the white men's party, decided, and which were never delivered in the House. No comment can demon-The meeting was called to order by the strate more completely than the facts themappointment of Mr. John C. Palmer, as selves the viciousness and illegality of such proceedings. But this wanton and excessive use of the power of the majority does The nominations made by the Executive not stop here. While the committee were lation of an express rule, new, special, and most extraordinary rules for the conduct of this proceeding, changing, without previmore completely to place the minority in

warring upon the other co-ordinate departdeavoring to subjugate and bring them both under the will and control of Con-In order to aid more effectually in the gress, the minority of the House of Repents deprived of all proper representative

We do, therefore, most solemnly protest against the indecorous and undignified haste with which the majority of the House inaugurated, presented. and rushed through, by a strict party vote, in plain and palpable violation of one of the standing rules of the House, a resolution demanding the impeachment of the Chief day evening last, charged by the Coroner's Magistrate of the people for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors in office, when the gravity of the charge and the character of the high officer against which the attack was directed, and the unforeseen and tremendous consequences which might result therefrom to the peace and prosperity of the people called for the calmest and wisest udgment, the most unprejudiced and impartial deliberation, on the part of those who had the proceedings in charge.

We do also most solemnly protest against his thrice-repeated attempt to degrade and break down one of the great co-ordinate branches of the Government through the spirit of party hatred and vengeance gainst the person who, by the Constituion, is in the rightful and conscientious discharge of its functions, thus consuming he precious time which ought to be faithfully devoted to earnest efforts to relieve the pressing wants of the people, a restoration of a torn and devastated country to union and good order, and to lightening the burdens of a taxation which is pressing During Saturday night last he was taken down the energies of trade and commerce

We do again most solemnly protest against and profoundly deprecate and deplore any and all attempts to array in hostile antagonism to each other any of the departments of the Government upon the mere question vious rumors of cruel treatment by Harris, of the constitutionality or construction of induced some of the white men of the a law of Congress, the proper jurisdiction neighborhood to call at his house and inand final adjudication of which belongs exclusively to the judicial tribunals; and we hereby warn the people of the United the corps should be exhibited. This was States that the public liberty and the existence of free institutions are involved, and that they are in imminent danger of utter overthrow in this suicidal struggle.

We do further most solemnly protest against formed man, -can read and write, and is that wild and radical spirit Sec. 15. The government of the University shall be vested in the Board of Trustees; but the official action of said Trustees must conform to the provisions of this Constitution, and be subject to amendment or repeal, by the Board of Education. Sec. 16. All the privileges, rights franchises of the University shall be vested in the Board of Bec. 15. The government of the University shall be vested in the Board of Trustees; but the official action of said Trustees must conform to the provisions of this Constitution, and be subject to amendment or repeal, by the Board of Education. Sec. 16. All the privileges, rights franchises of the University shall be vested in the University shall be vested in the swapping of the time, and was soon following his interest he has been unavoidably protractive established by they are sharp at a bargain—equal to any the Government—a practice established by they are sharp at a bargain—equal to any they are sharp at a bargain—equal to any

be Secretary of War in violation of his own pronounced conviction of the law, who has the unblushing effrontery to place himself in the unwarrantable position of communicating directly with Congress, in ntter contempt of the authority of his snperior, and with the deliberate purpose of esisting his authority.

The undersigned, therefore in their character of represesentatives of the people, being deprived by the despotic power of an inexorable majority of the high pri impeachment had been gone through with vilege of debate, that great instrument in the discovery of truth and the most cherished heritage of a free people, do hereby solemnly and earnestly protest against these infractions of the rights of the people and respectfully ask that this their protest may be spread upon the Journal of

Lawrence Getz.

lbert G Burr,

James B Beck.

Asa P Grover, Charles Haight,

Lewis W Ross,

on Archer

M Boyer,

Julius Hotchkiss. J M Humphrey, John Fox, J V L Pruyn, Samuel J Randall, James Brooks, H McCullough, James R McCormick J P Knott, Charles Sitgreaves, MC Kerr, George M Adams, Stephen Tabor. W Mungen, R D Hubbard, George W Morgan, S S Marshall, D M Van Anken, E D Holbrook, Stone. Charles E Phelps.

Washington Cor. (Feb. 28) Boston Post. The New Senator from Kentucky in his

While the West Point Appropriation bill was being considered in the Senate this afternoon, the new Senator from Kentucky. Mr. McCreery, who had just arrived in the city came into the Chamber, when Mr. Davis immediately rose and moved that he be sworn in. This very natural request seemed to take the radicals by surprise, and instantly they gathered in groups, whispering and casting suspicious glances bald headed gentleman, of aldermanic pro portions. Mr. Howe, who was temporarily occupying the Chair, sent off for President Wade, who came in hastily and relieved Mr. Howe. Mr. Sumner called out to Mr Howard, who sits a few feet from him. Oppose it, Howard;" but the appeal was met with a dubious shake of the head. He Chair to the motion of Mr. Davis, but, finally discovering that his brother radicals had given up the hope of inventing a plausible plea to disfranchise the State of Kentucky, Mr. Wade faltered out, "The Senator will come forward and be sworn Mr. McCreery then came forward on the arm of Mr. Davis, when the oath to support the Constitution was administered be Mr. Wade, and the iron clad oath was read by the Clerk. Perfect silence preadmonished that there is no end to their vailed and a suppressed feeling of excite ment was evident throughout the whole chamber. It was not until Mr. McCreery had subscribed his name to the latter oath that the witnesses on the floor and in the galleries breathed freer. When it is known that the vote of the new Senator may decide the verdict in the case of the Presi-

Southern Graduates of the Washington

North Carolina .- W S Anderson, R V Cowan, E A Hall, A G Jones, W W Latham, J L Laxton, J E Matthews, D T Millard, T M Parks, W P Parks, C M Payne, J D Perrry, W E Richardson, R T Saunders, V N Seawell, J W Shuford, S P Sparrow, Josephus Turner, S P Waldo, E J Williams and R E Walker.

South Carolina-J R Ellis, J W Fewell and J W King.

Virginia-R B Aston, G W Caldwell, G T Cauthorn, W S Cline, W H H Crittenden, H M Grant, T L Laws, J L F Lupton, J E Mapp, J A Marshall, W P Mathews, J P Payne, J B Pierce, J D Scott, J L Shuddarth and J H Wolfe.

Georgia-T H Baker, R A Heath, J T Johnson and C H Montgomery. Arkansas-G D Grav. Alabama-J G Howard.

Tennessee-R M Reese and N G Thomas. Mississippi-R J Tombs.

Alas! Poor Gen. Dockery.

We are reliably informed that General Dockery's name was forwarded to Washington, with a recommendation for the removal of disabilities. In the Reconstruction Committee room, the old General's name was stricken from the list, at the urgent solicitation of an aspirant for Senatorial honors in North Carolina, who was apprehensive that he might be in his way, and therefore thought that his case had better be deferred until after the election. Who is this selfish aspirant for the Senate? Was it Gen. Abbott, or who? How do Gen. Dockery and his friends relish such treat-We call his attention to this statement, which can be vouched for. Perhaps this was one of the reasons why the old gentleman was asked to play second fiddle to Holden-an honor which he indignantly declined .- Raleigh Sentinel.

AWFUL MURDER.—Young Harris (negro), was committed to jail in this place Saturjury of inquest of having murdered his step-son, a young man of about 18 years. The circumstances as detailed by the wit nesses examined by the Coroner, make up this part of the State. The victim was literally whipped to death-beaten from day to day for more than a week, sometimes with hickories; at other times with a leather strap; at others, with a rope; and still at other times with a paddle. On last Thursday morning, his unnatural father commenced the chastisement before it was day, and kept it up until some school children were passing near his house on their way to school. On seeing them approaching he stopped whipping and drove his son into a kitchen. And after the children had passed, he. went into the kitchen, tied the young man by the feet, threw the rope over a joist log and hauled him up in that posttion, his hands barely touching the floor. He then commenced beating him with his usual weapons. The sister of the young man, about grown, said this was the condition of things when she left the house to go to the spring for water; and then when she returned her brother was lying on the floor, dead.

During the day the family dressed the corpse for burial. But when the news got out that the young fellow was dead, prequire into the case, when they discovered enough to warrant them in insisting that opposed by Harris, but the Coroner was immediately sent for, when the foregoing

facts were brought to light. This man Harris, is a tolerably well insaid to be a sort of preacher and doctor.